

# MATLAB EXPO 2019

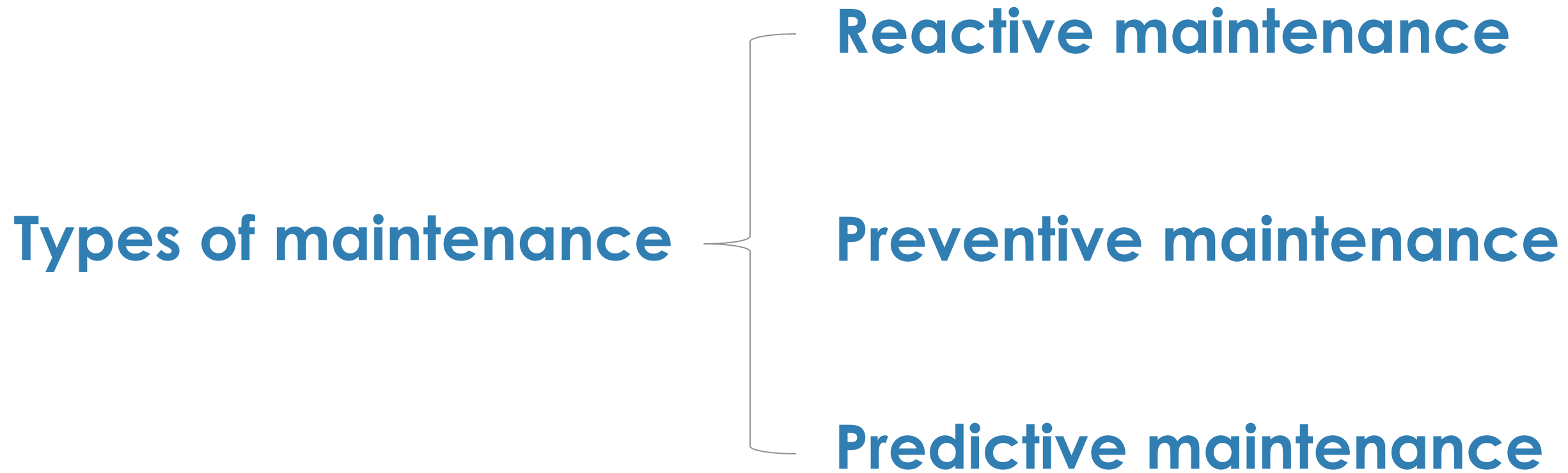
## Predictive Maintenance with MATLAB

Amit Doshi,  
Senior Application Engineer – Data Analytics  
MathWorks India  
[adoshi@mathworks.com](mailto:adoshi@mathworks.com)

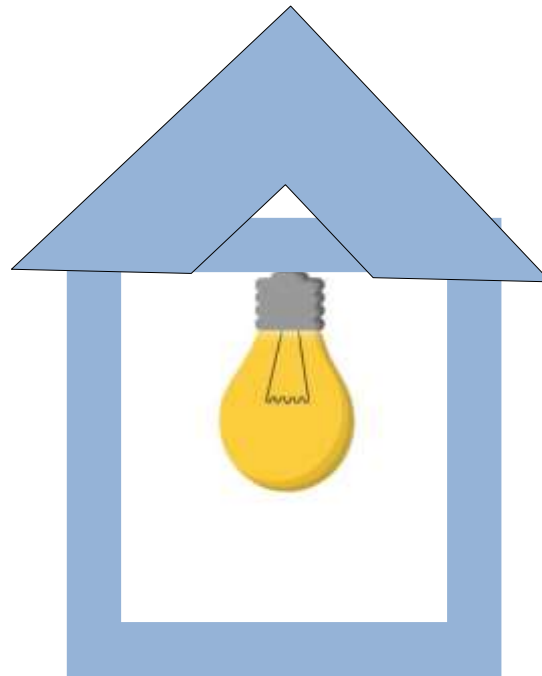
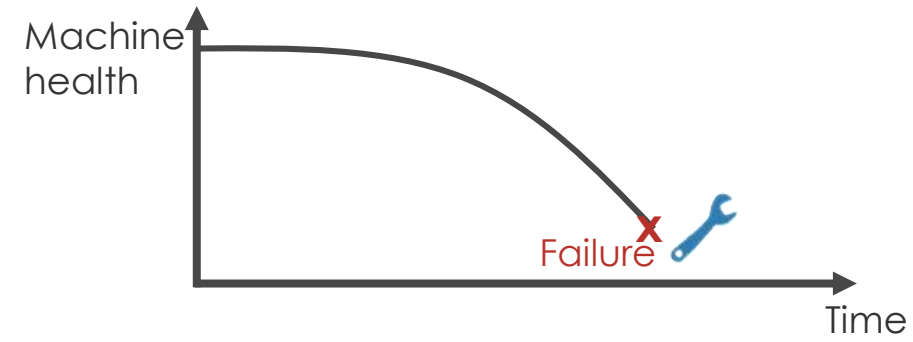


## Agenda:

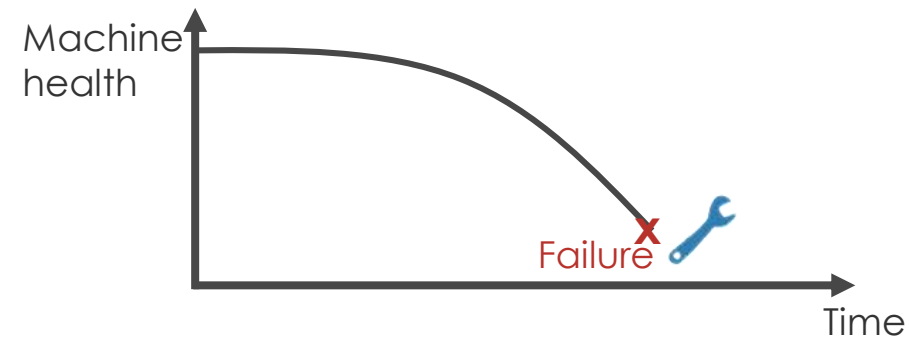
1. What is Predictive Maintenance? Who is benefiting by doing it?
2. How can you develop a predictive maintenance algorithm using MATLAB?
3. How can you get started quickly?



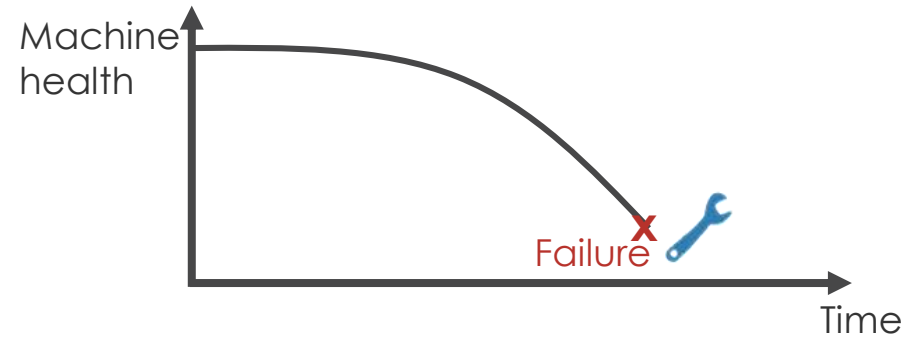
## Reactive maintenance



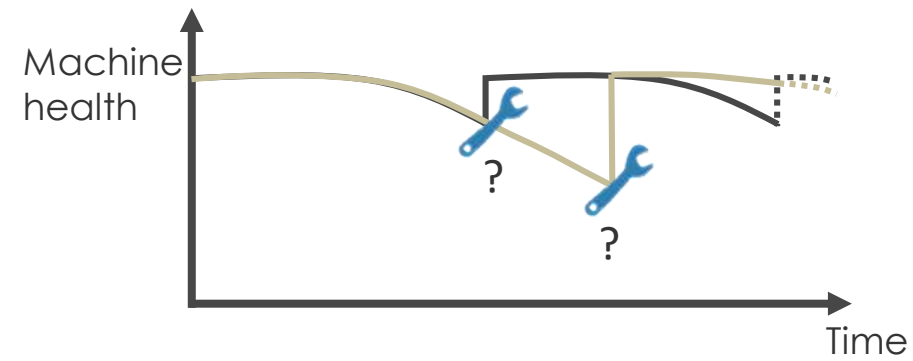
## Reactive maintenance



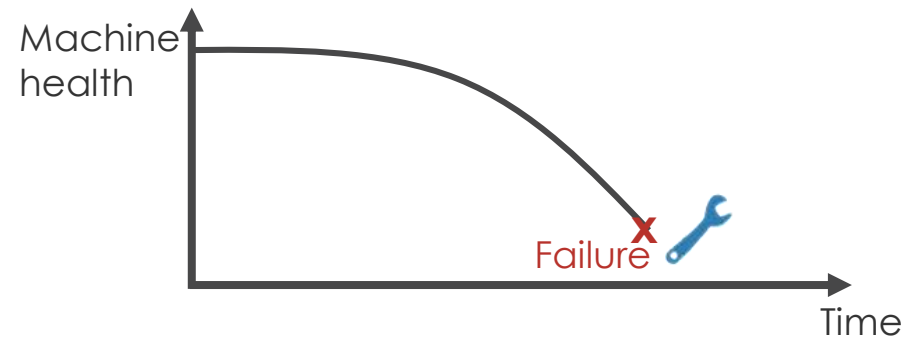
## Reactive maintenance



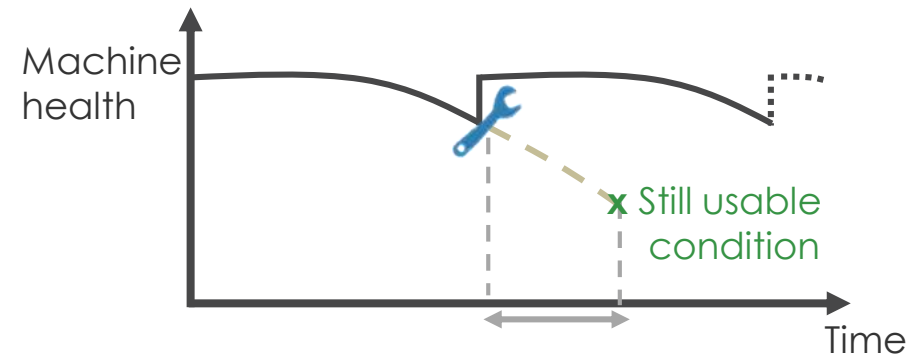
## Preventive maintenance



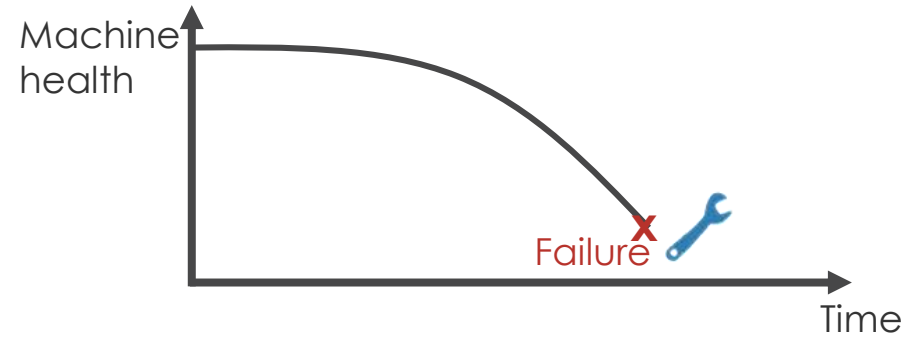
## Reactive maintenance



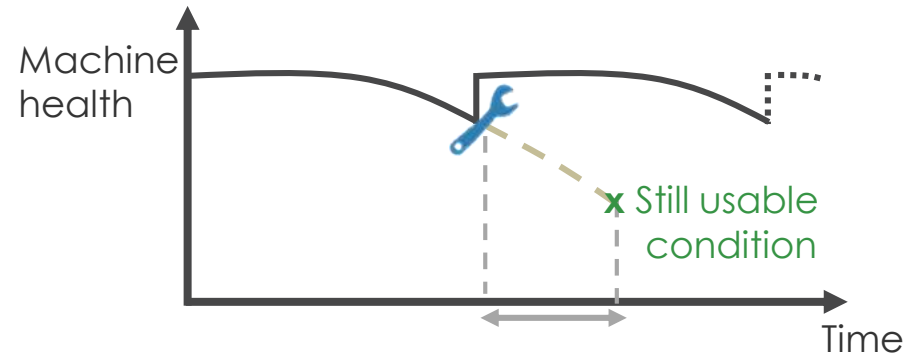
## Preventive maintenance



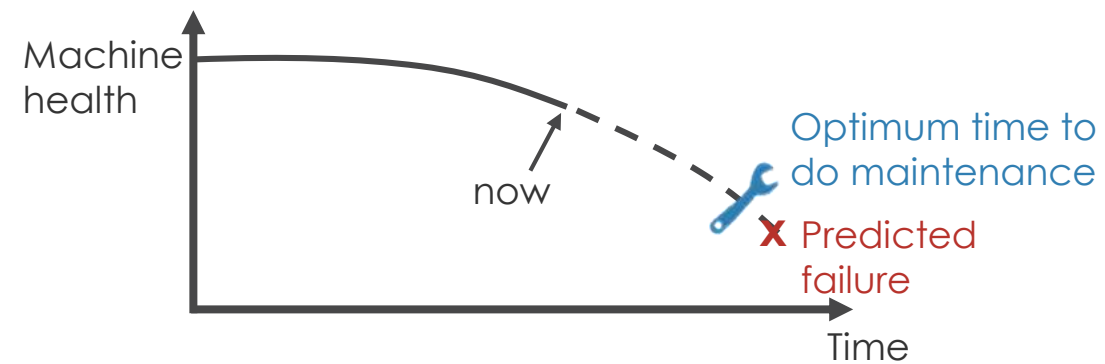
## Reactive maintenance



## Preventive maintenance



## Predictive maintenance





# A Predictive Maintenance Algorithm Answers These Questions

**Is my machine operating normally?**

**Anomaly Detection**

**Why is my machine behaving abnormally?**

**Condition Monitoring**

**How much longer can I operate my machine ?**

**Remaining Useful Life Estimation**

**For example:**

**I need help.**



**One of my cylinders is blocked.**

**I will shut down your line in 15 hours.**

# Predictive Maintenance Success Stories



## Pump Health Monitoring System

- Spectral analysis and filtering on binary sensor data and neural network model prediction
- More than \$10 million projected savings



## Online engine health monitoring

- Real-time analytics integrated with enterprise service systems
- Predict sub-system performance (oil, fuel, liftoff, mechanical health, controls)



## Production machinery failure warning

- Reduce waste and machine downtime
- MATLAB based HMI warns operators of potential failures
- > 200,000 € savings per year



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## Condition and Performance Monitoring of Blowout Preventer (BOP) at Transocean

*Mete Mutlu, John Kozicz, Transocean, Inc.*

[Link to user story](#)

# Transocean uses MATLAB tools to transition from preventative maintenance to CPM\* for a critical deep sea drilling component

\*Condition and Performance Monitoring

## Challenges

- Minimize unplanned downtime of the component
- Use as-close-to-real-time data for CPM
- Deploy CPM solution to components in other locations

## Solution

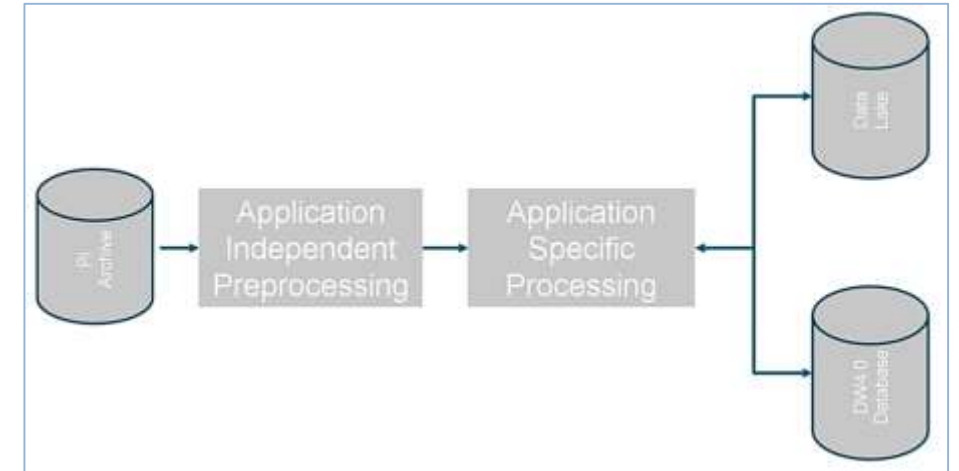
- Monitoring data from the drill is collected in a PI archive. MATLAB is used to create an app that takes in the data, preprocesses the data, and generates a quality indicator.
- The app is deployed onto MATLAB Production Server for real-time use; results are stored back on the PI archive.

## Results

Able to move to CPM for their component(s) with improved decision-making capabilities through faster access to data and quicker analytics deployment.

MATLAB EXPO 2019

[Link to Expo Talk](#)



**Drilling data is stored in an OSIsoft PI Archive. MATLAB Production Server is used in the application specific processing**

*Interfacing directly with data in PI gives you increased performance at the cost of having to write/deal with low-level code (“getting under the hood”). It was noted that using MATLAB parallel tools (which entails a higher-level interface) was not only easier but also it provided “hands-down” faster performance than interfacing with PI directly.*

# Predictive Maintenance Toolbox for Developing Algorithms

Is my machine operating normally?

Anomaly Detection

Why is my machine behaving abnormally?

Condition Monitoring

How much longer can I operate my machine ?

Remaining Useful Life Estimation

Predictive Maintenance Toolbox **MAJOR UPDATE** Search MathWorks.com

Trial software Contact sales

Signal Trace

**Predictive Maintenance Toolbox**  
Design and test condition monitoring and predictive maintenance algorithms

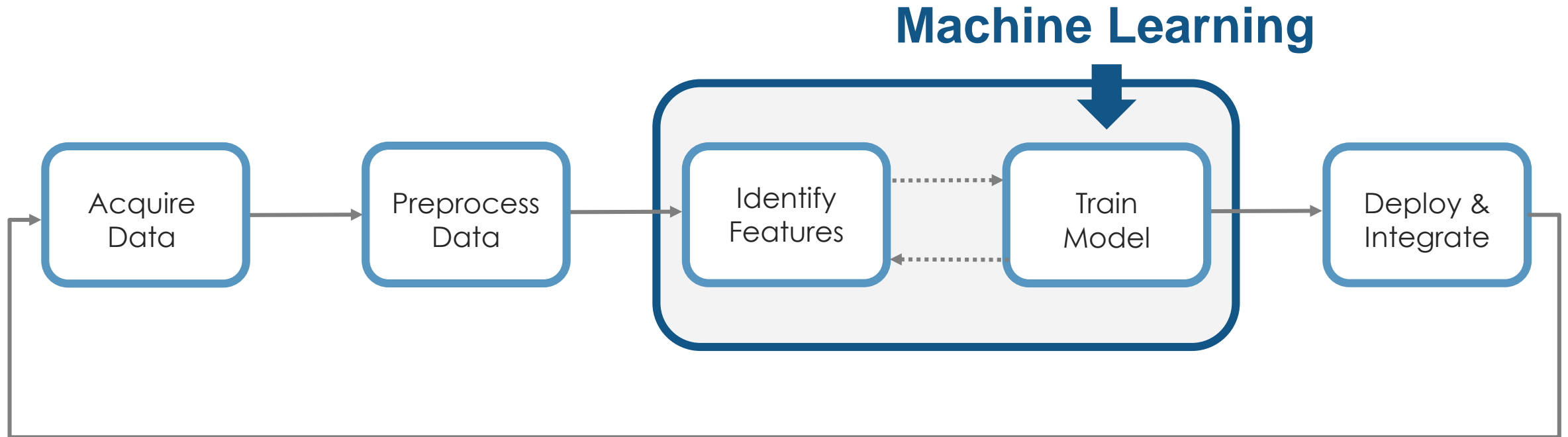
Watch video Download a free trial

Predictive Maintenance Toolbox™ lets you label data, design condition indicators, and estimate the remaining useful life (RUL) of a machine.

The toolbox provides functions and an interactive app for exploring, extracting, and ranking features using data-based and model-based techniques, including statistical, spectral, and time-series analysis. You can monitor the health of rotating machines such as bearings and gearboxes by extracting features from vibration data using frequency and time-frequency methods. To estimate a machine's time to failure, you can use survival, similarity, and trend-based models to predict the RUL.

You can analyze and label sensor data imported from local files, cloud storage, and distributed file systems. You can also label simulated failure data generated from Simulink® models. The toolbox includes reference examples for motors, gearboxes, batteries, and other machines that can be reused for developing custom predictive maintenance and condition monitoring algorithms.

# Workflow for Developing a Predictive Maintenance Algorithm



## Agenda:

1. What is Predictive Maintenance? Who is benefiting by doing it?
2. How can you develop a predictive maintenance algorithm using MATLAB?
3. How can you get started quickly?

# Develop Predictive Maintenance Algorithm: Use cases

**Is my machine  
operating  
normally?**

**Anomaly  
Detection**

**Why is my  
machine behaving  
abnormally?**

**Condition  
Monitoring**

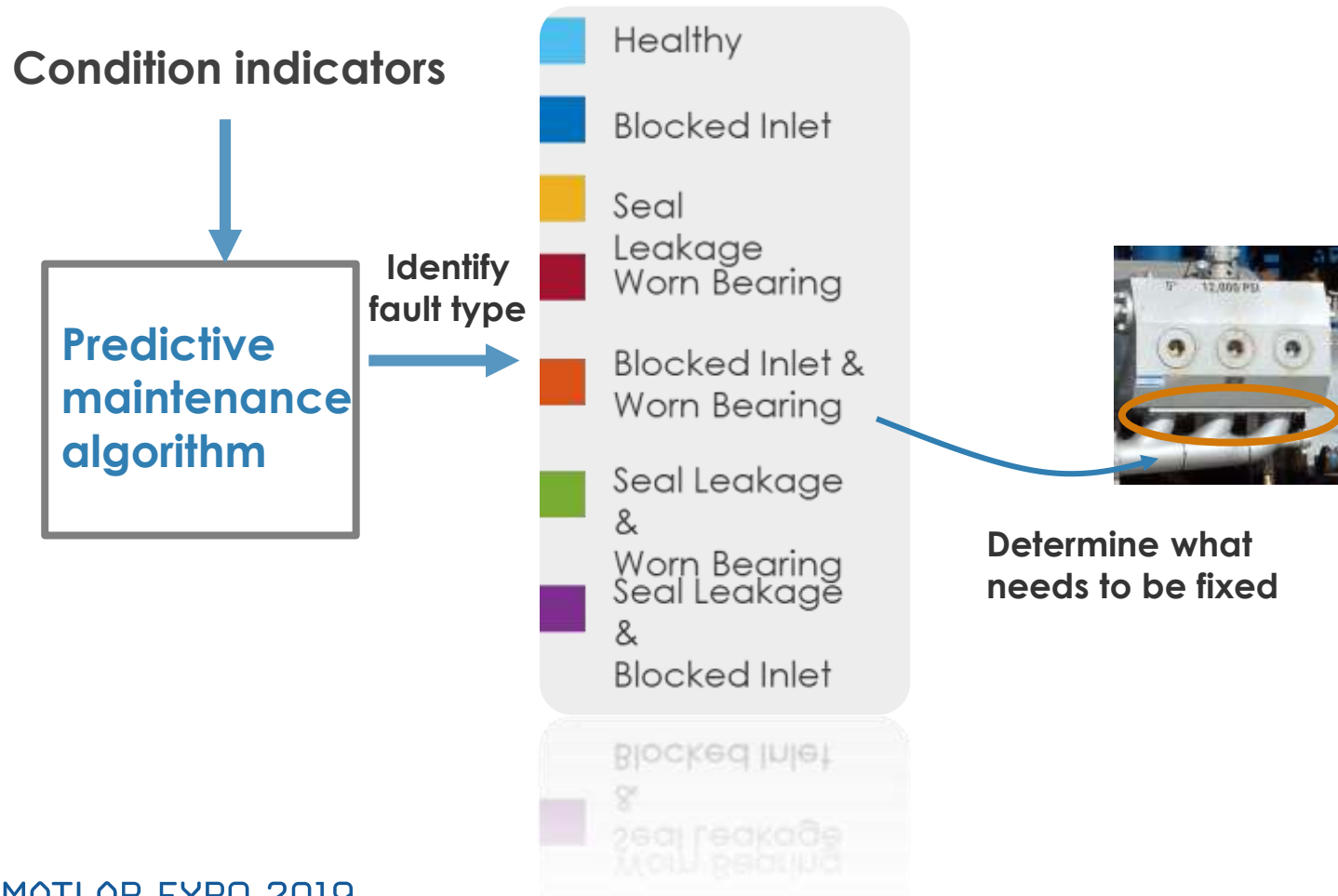
**How much longer  
can I operate my  
machine ?**

**Remaining  
Useful Life  
Estimation**



# Develop Predictive Maintenance Algorithm for -

## Use case 1: Fault Classification



**Why is my machine behaving abnormally?**

**Condition Monitoring**

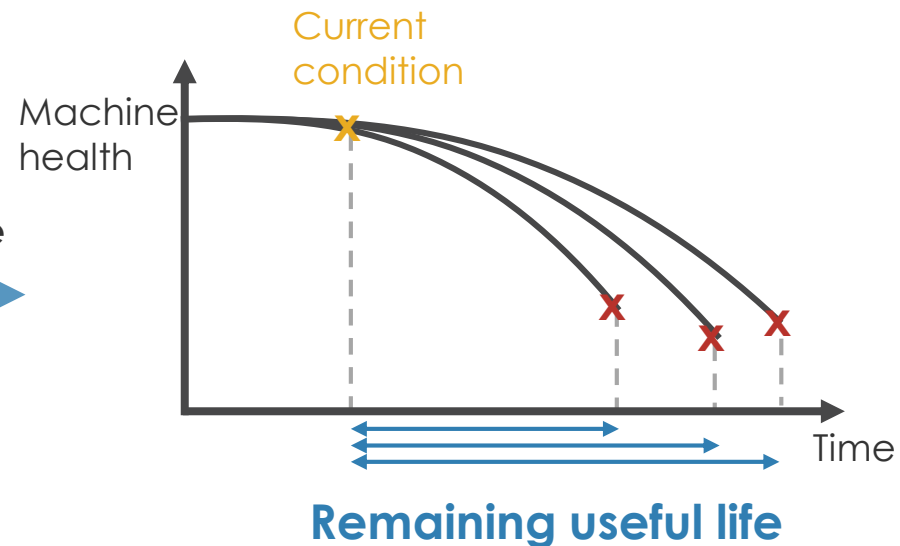
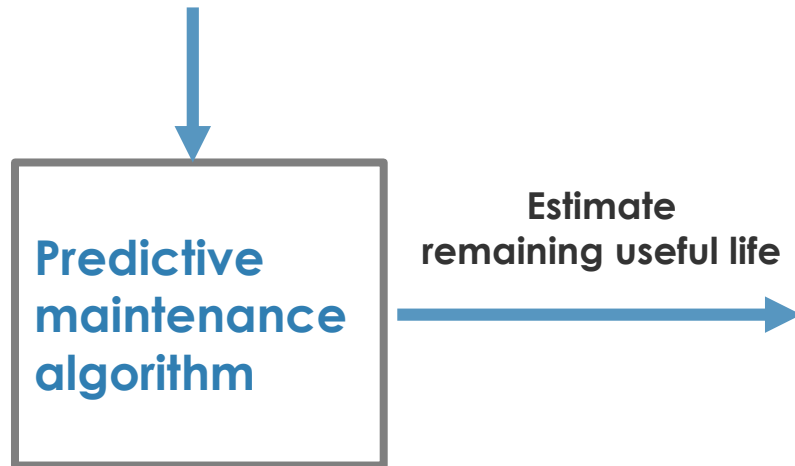
# Develop Predictive Maintenance Algorithm for -

## Use case 2: Remaining useful life

How much longer  
can I operate my  
machine ?

Remaining  
Useful Life  
Estimation

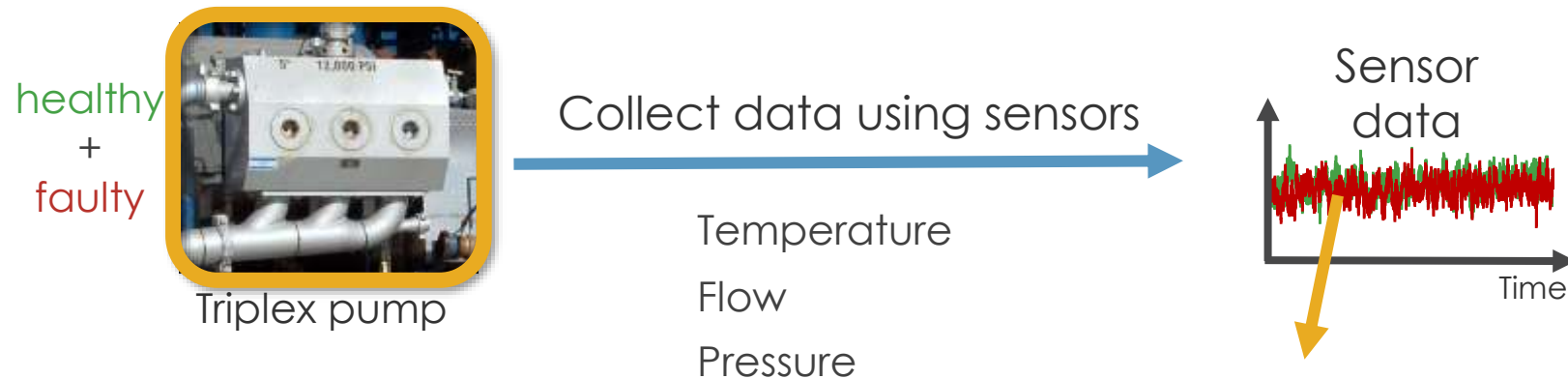
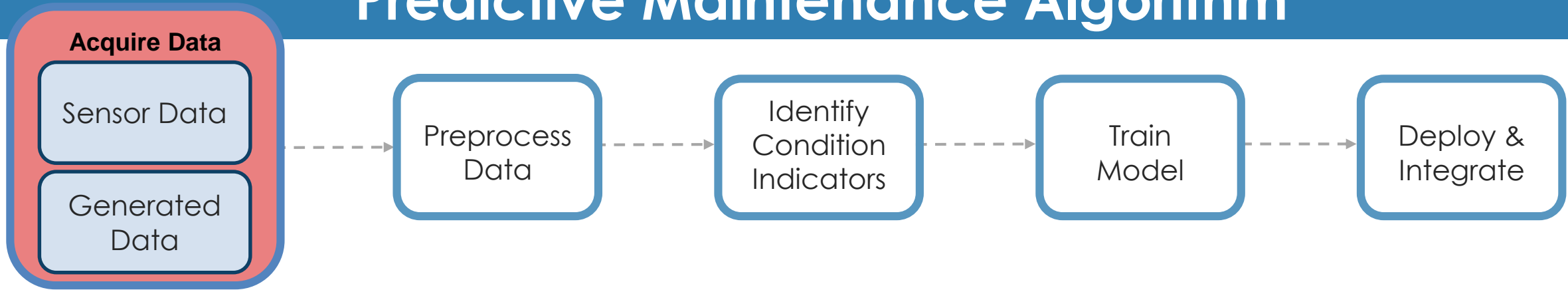
Condition indicators





5" 12,000 PSI

# Predictive Maintenance Algorithm



\*For simplification purposes, healthy and faulty operation are represented by single measurements. In a realistic scenario, there may be hundreds of measurements for both types of operations.

# Predictive Maintenance Algorithm



healthy  
+  
faulty

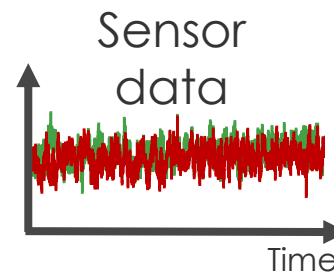


Triplex pump

Collect data using sensors



Temperature  
Flow  
Pressure



\*Quality data->Robust Algorithms

# Predictive Maintenance Algorithm



healthy  
+  
faulty

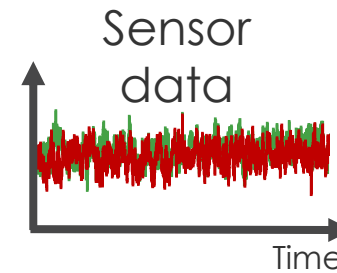


Triplex pump

Collect data using sensors



Temperature  
Flow  
Pressure



# Predictive Maintenance Algorithm



healthy  
+  
faulty

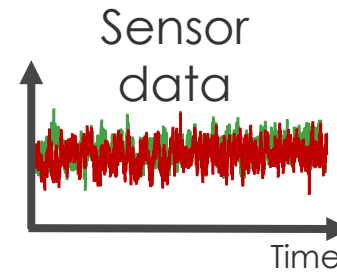


Triplex pump

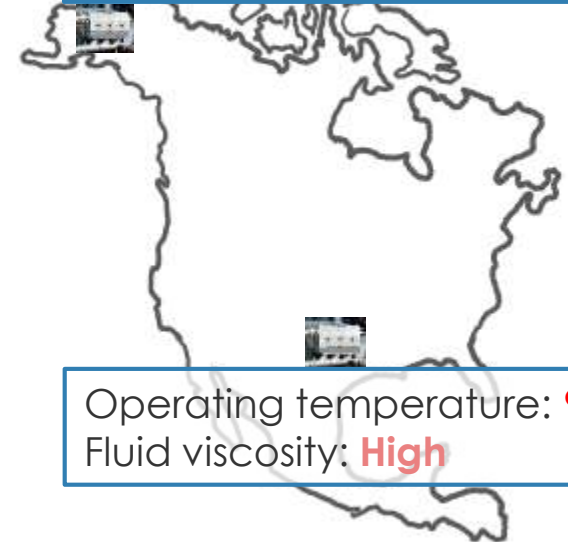
Collect data using sensors



Temperature  
Flow  
Pressure



Operating temperature: **30°F**  
Fluid viscosity: **Low**

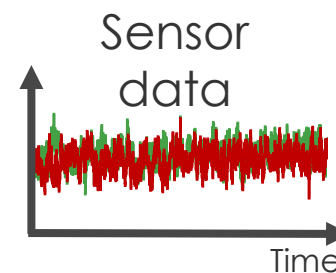


Operating temperature: **90°F**  
Fluid viscosity: **High**

# Predictive Maintenance Algorithm



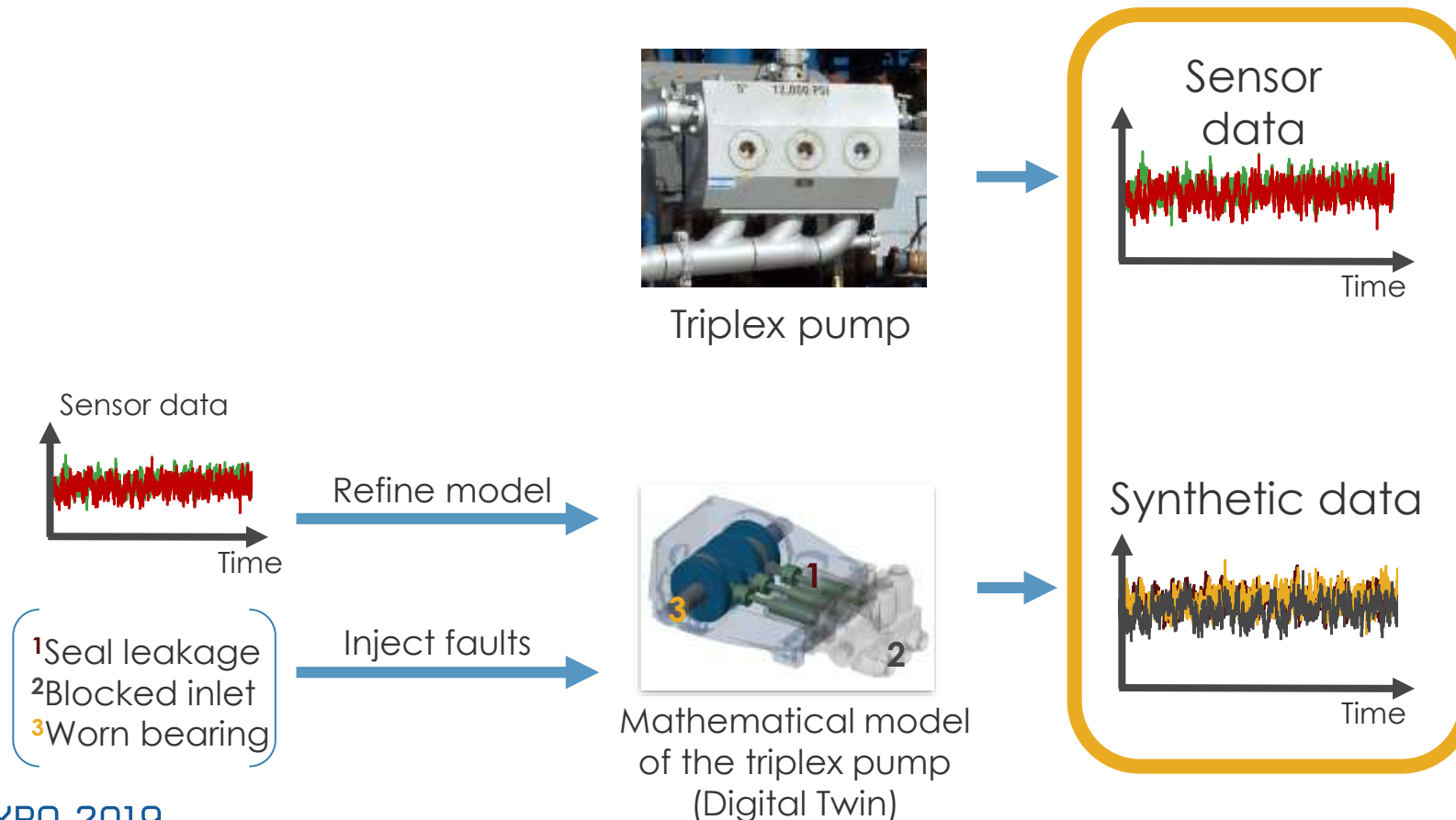
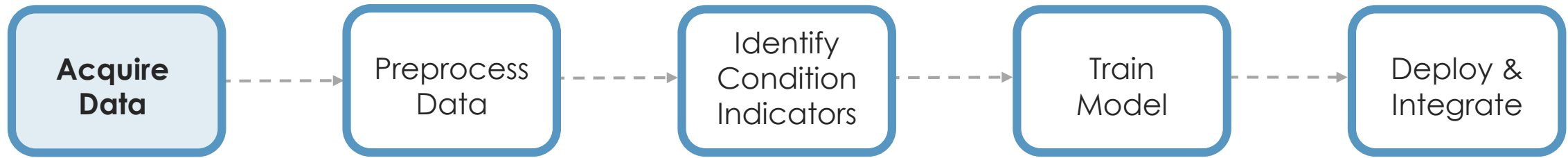
Triplex pump



**What if real failure data is not available?**



# Predictive Maintenance Algorithm



HOME PLOTS APPS LIVE EDI... INSERT VIEW

C: \> Users \> adoshi \> OneDrive - MathWorks \> 15\_EXPOs \> 2019 \> PM-Talk \>

Current Folder

Name ^

PredictiveMaintenanceWit... ^

savedPumpData.mat v

Details ^

Workspace v

Name ^ Value

pumpData 240x3 table

Live Editor - AnalyzeAndSelectFeaturesForPumpExample.mlx x Command Window

AnalyzeAndSelectFeaturesForPumpExample.mlx +

The measurements cover conditions where none, one, or multiple fa in a table where each row is a different measurement.

```
1 load('savedPumpData')
2 pumpData
```

pumpData = 240x3 table

	Flow	Pressure	faultCode
1	1201x1 tim...	1201x1 time..	0
2	1201x1 tim...	1201x1 time..	0
3	1201x1 tim...	1201x1 time..	100
4	1201x1 tim...	1201x1 time..	100
5	1201x1 tim...	1201x1 time..	100
6	1201x1 tim...	1201x1 time..	100
7	1201x1 tim...	1201x1 time..	100
8	1201x1 tim...	1201x1 time..	100
9	1201x1 tim...	1201x1 time..	100
10	1201x1 tim...	1201x1 time..	100

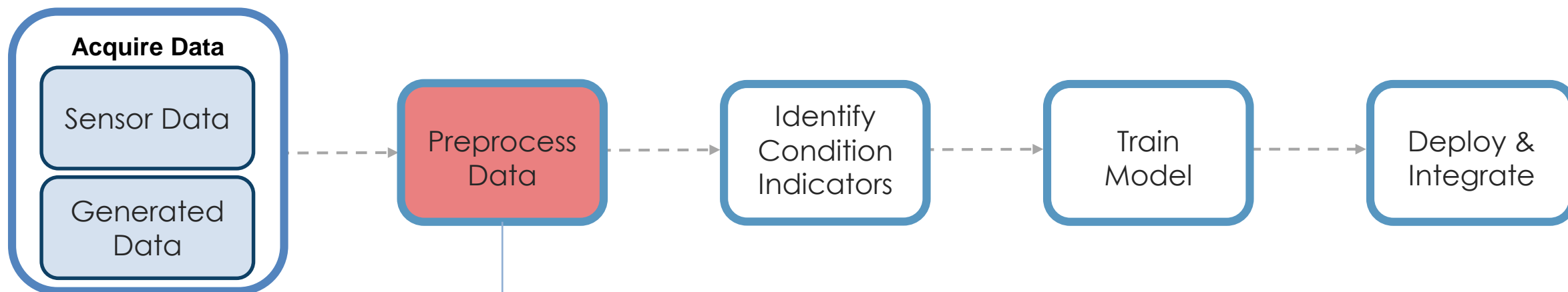
**Health condition (fault code)**

- Healthy (0)
- Blocked inlet (010)
- Worn bearing (001)
- Seal Leakage (100)
- Blocked inlet, worn bearing (011)
- Seal leakage, worn bearing (101)
- Seal leakage, blocked inlet (110)
- Seal leakage, blocked inlet, worn b

240 measurements of flow and pressure with a duration of 1.2 seconds

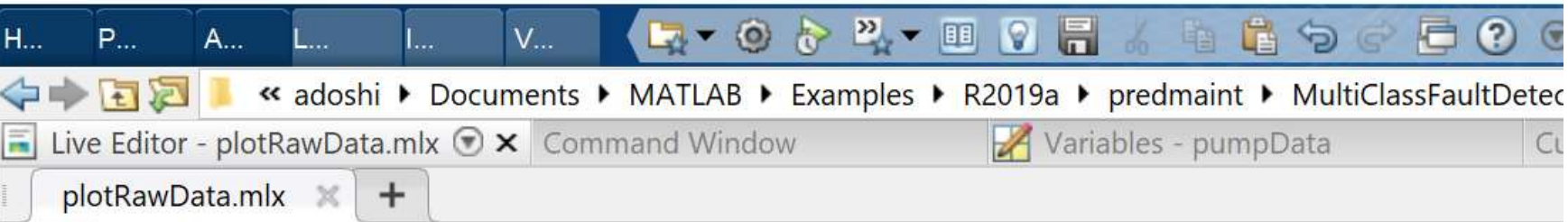
Learn further: [Data Ensembles](#)

# Predictive Maintenance Algorithm



## Challenges

- Data clean up
  - Poorly formatted files
  - Irregularly sampled data
  - Redundant data, outliers, missing data etc.
- Data specific processing
  - Signals: Smoothing, resampling, denoising, Wavelet transforms, etc.
  - Images: Image registration, morphological filtering, deblurring, etc.

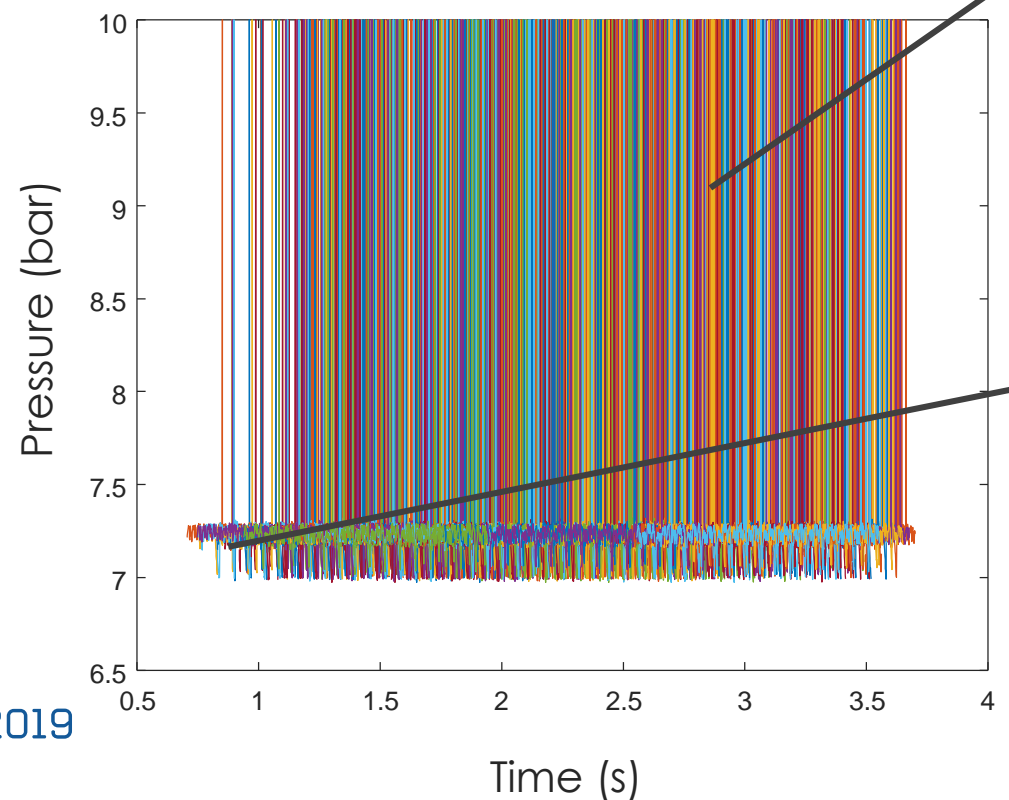


## Plot time vs pressure data for all the 240 runs

```

1 f= @(x) plot(pumpData.pressure{x,1}.Time,pumpData.pressure{x,1}.Data);
2 for i=1:240, f(i),end
    
```

**Raw data**



Spikes to sensor's maximum value

Offset in time

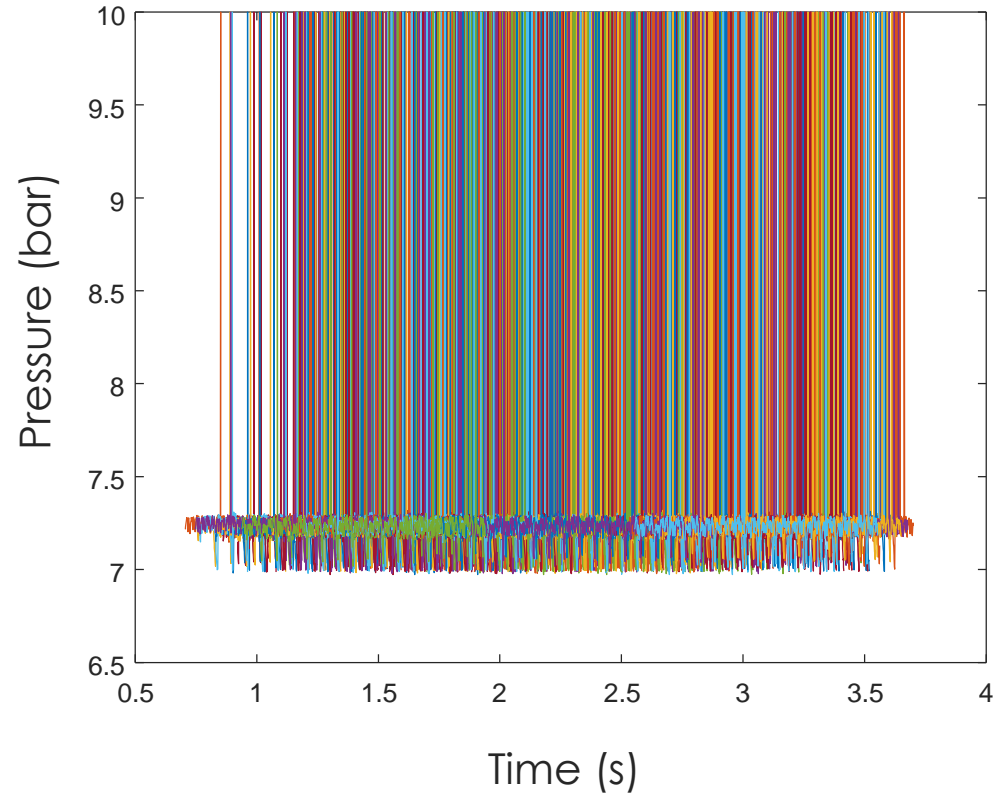
```
function [dataToWrite] = preprocess(data)

tMin = seconds(0.8);

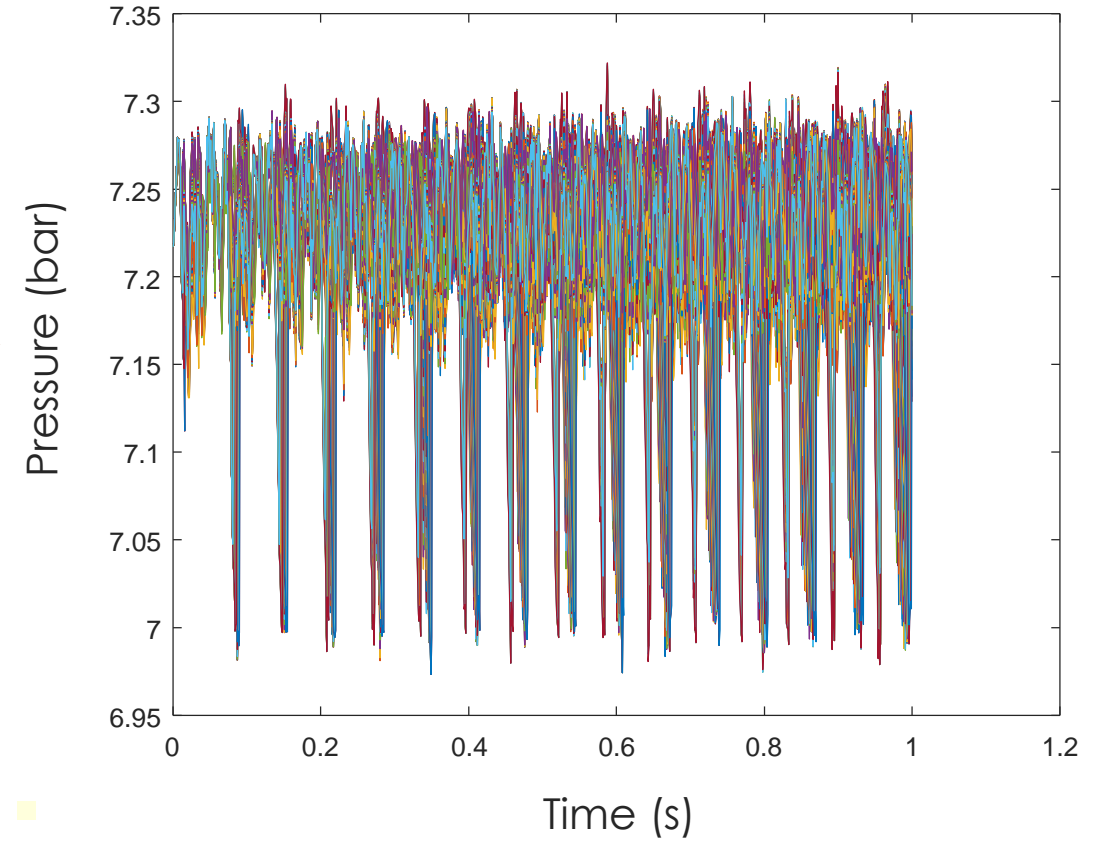
flow = data.qOut_meas{1};
flow = flow(flow.Time >= tMin,:);
flow.Time = flow.Time - flow.Time(1);
pressure = data.pOut_meas{1};
pressure = pressure(pressure.Time >= tMin,:);
pressure.Time = pressure.Time - pressure.Time(1);

% Ensure the flow and pressure is sampled at a uniform sample rate
flow = retime(flow,'regular','linear','TimeStep',seconds(1e-3));
pressure = retime(pressure,'regular','linear','TimeStep',seconds(1e-3));
```

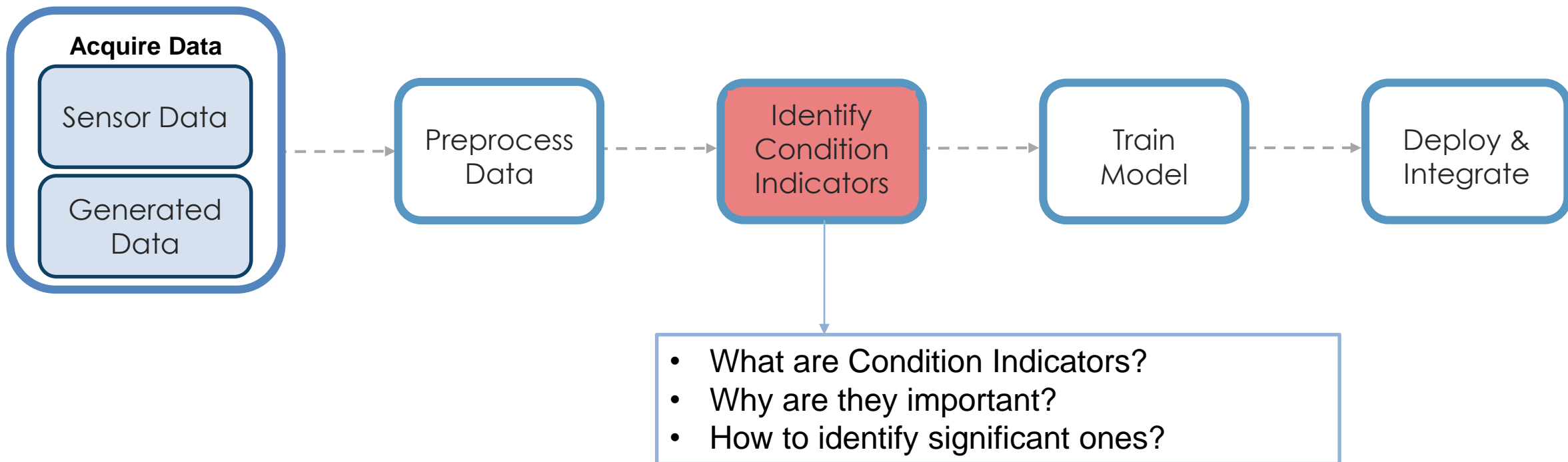
### Raw data



### Preprocessed data

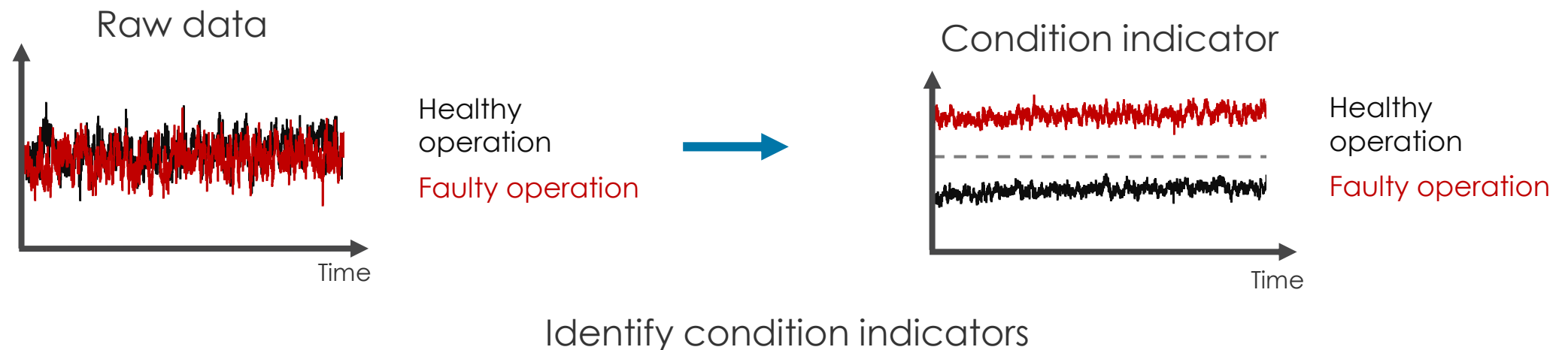


# Predictive Maintenance Algorithm



A condition indicator can be any feature that is useful -

- for distinguishing normal from faulty operation or
- for predicting remaining useful life





# Signal-Based Condition Indicators

## Time-domain features

Mean

Standard deviation

Skewness

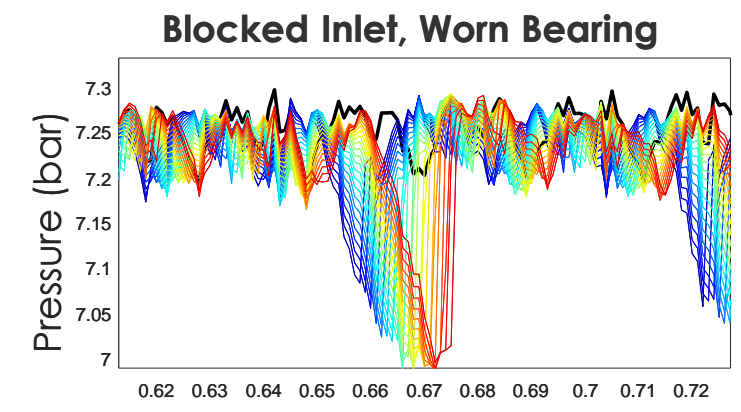
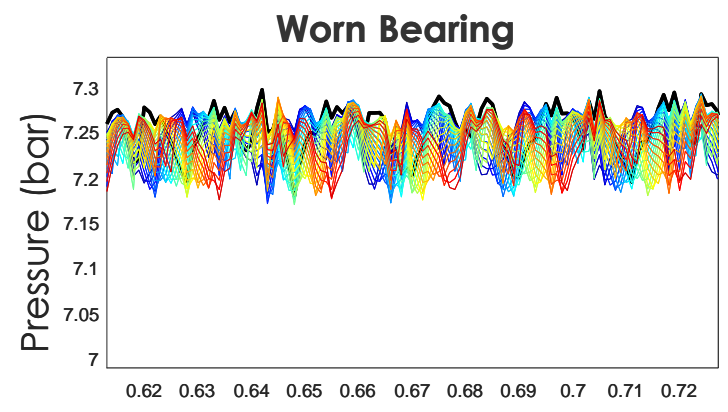
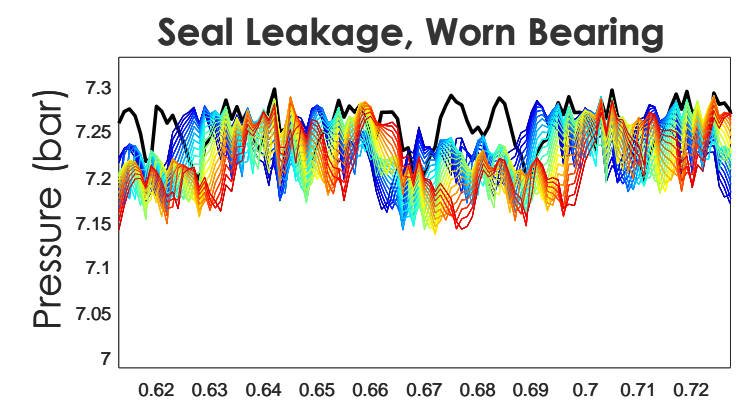
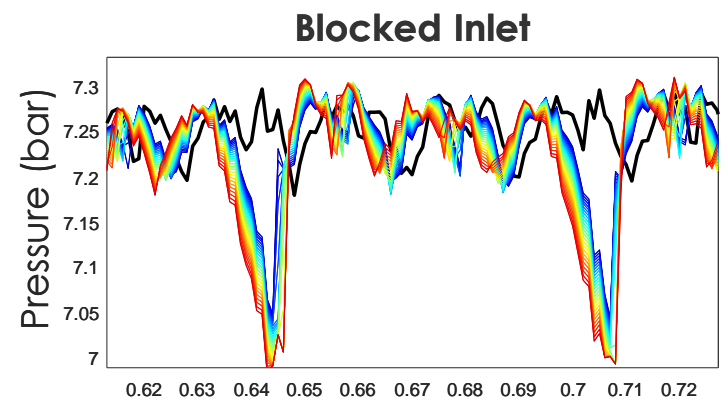
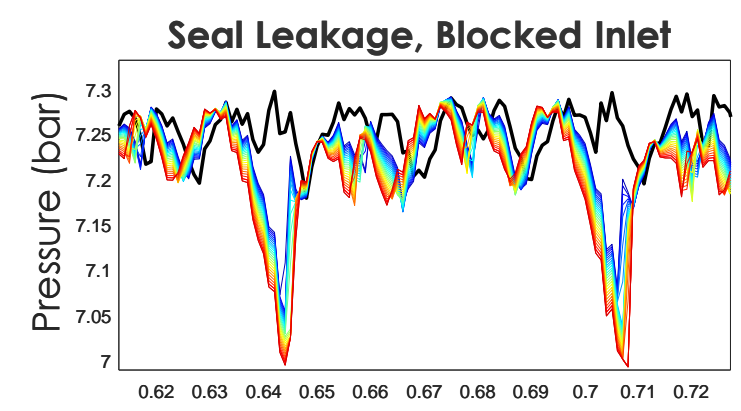
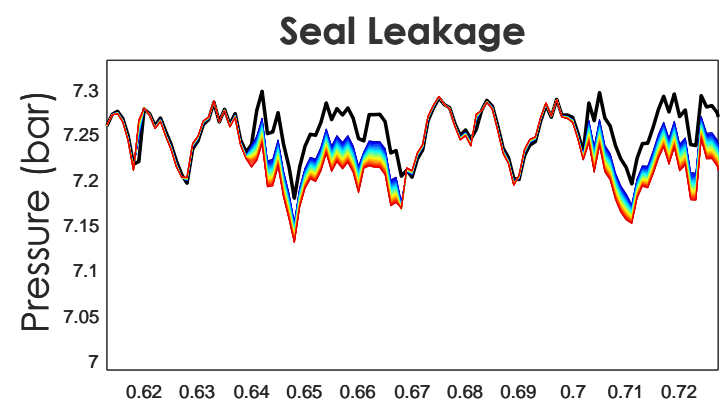
Root-mean square

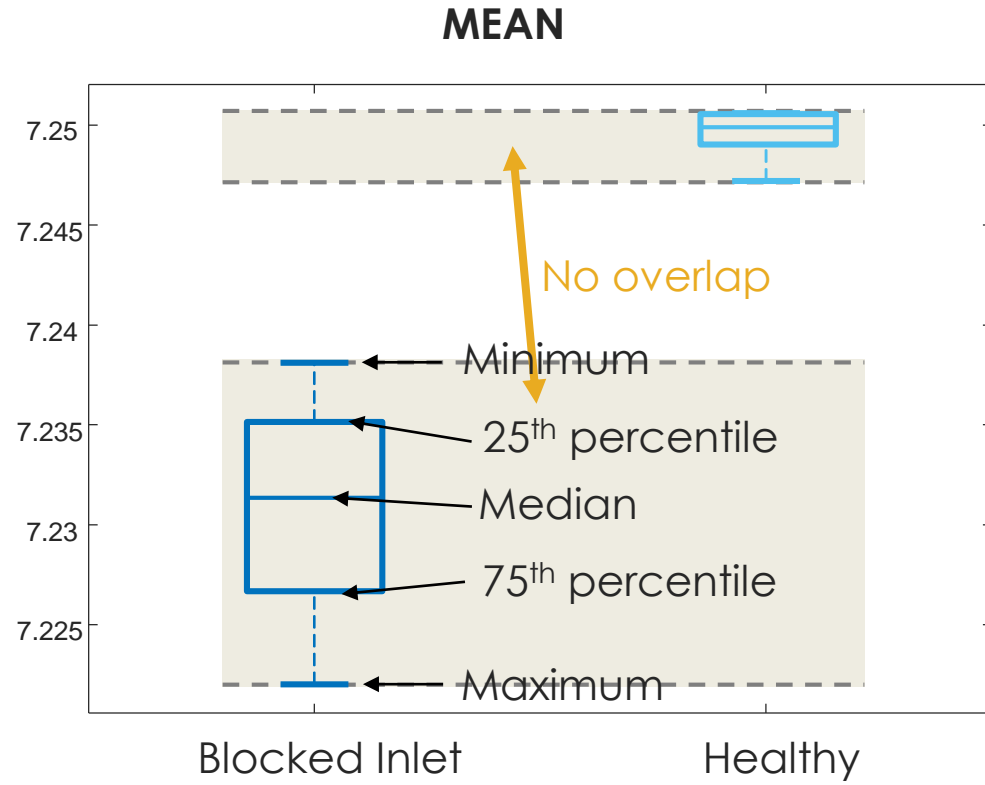
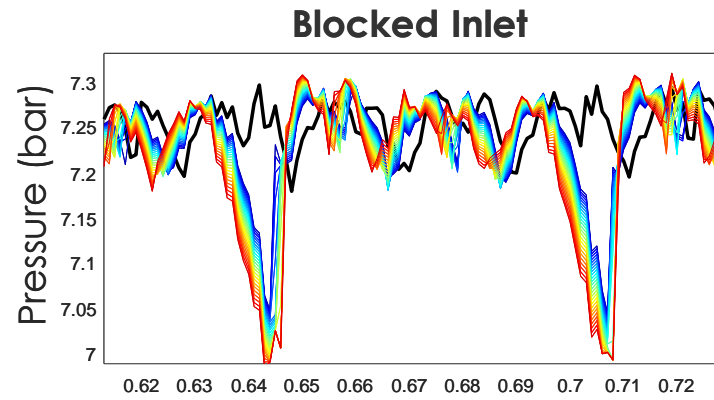
Kurtosis

•  
•  
•

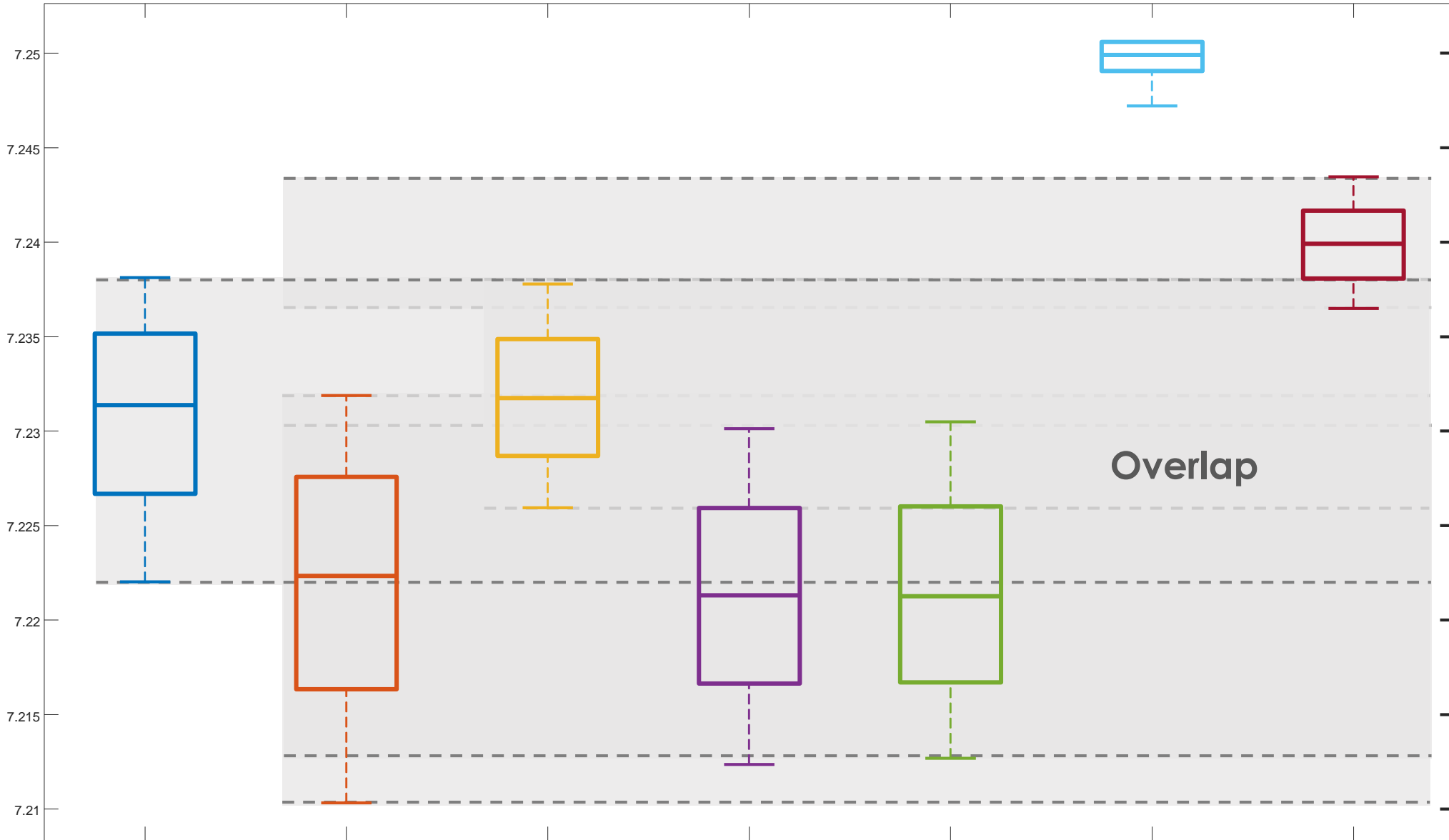
## Frequency-domain features

## Time-frequency domain features



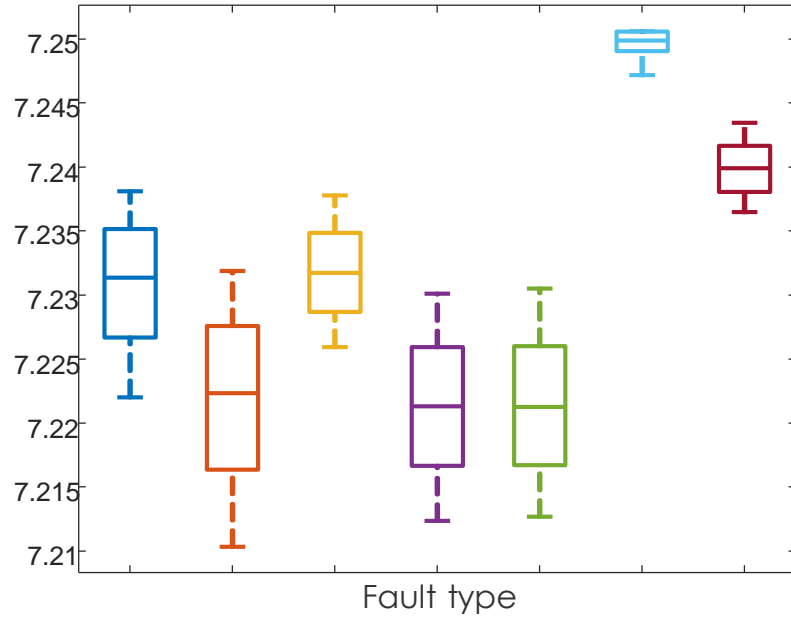


# MEAN

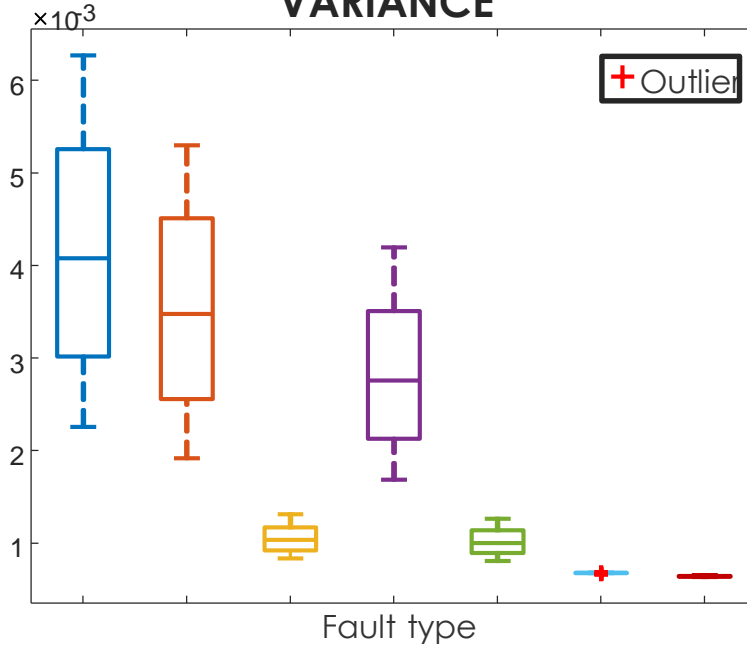


- Healthy
- Blocked Inlet
- Seal Leakage
- Worn Bearing
- Blocked Inlet & Worn Bearing
- Seal Leakage & Worn Bearing
- Worn Bearing & Seal Leakage & Blocked Inlet

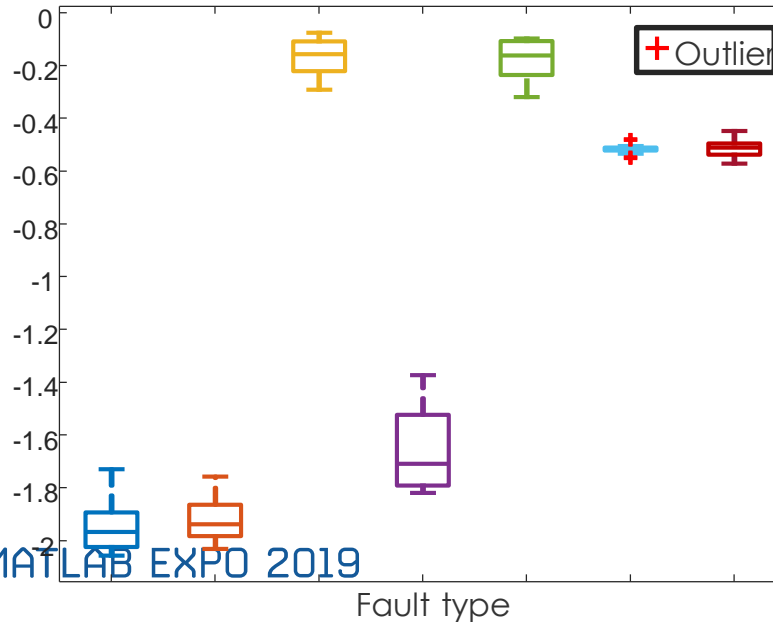
### MEAN



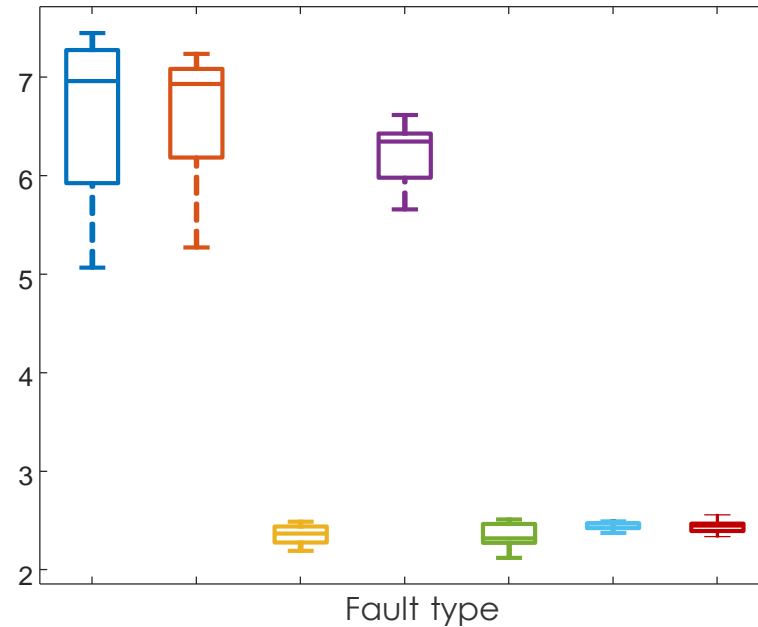
### VARIANCE



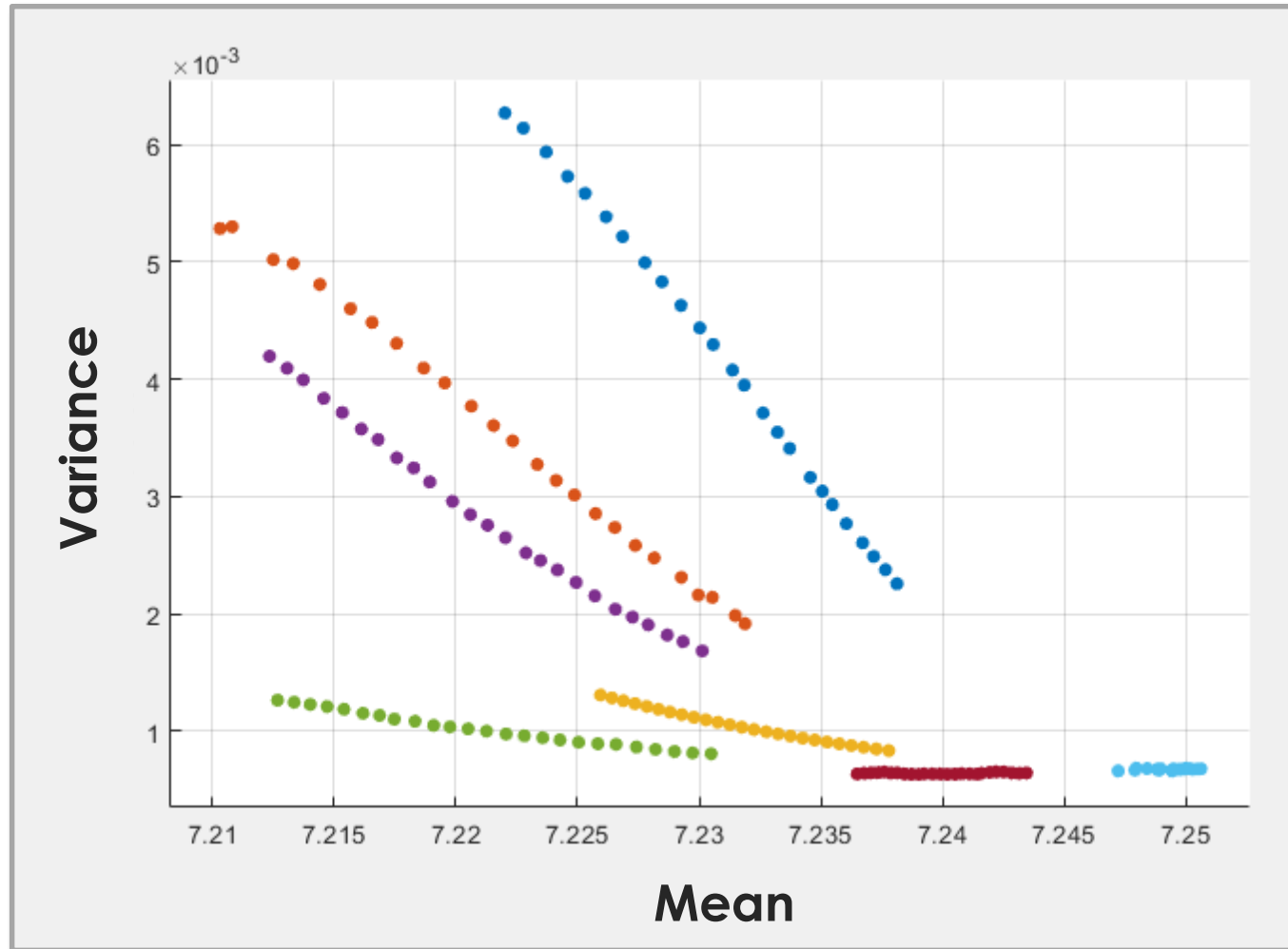
### SKEWNESS



### KURTOSIS

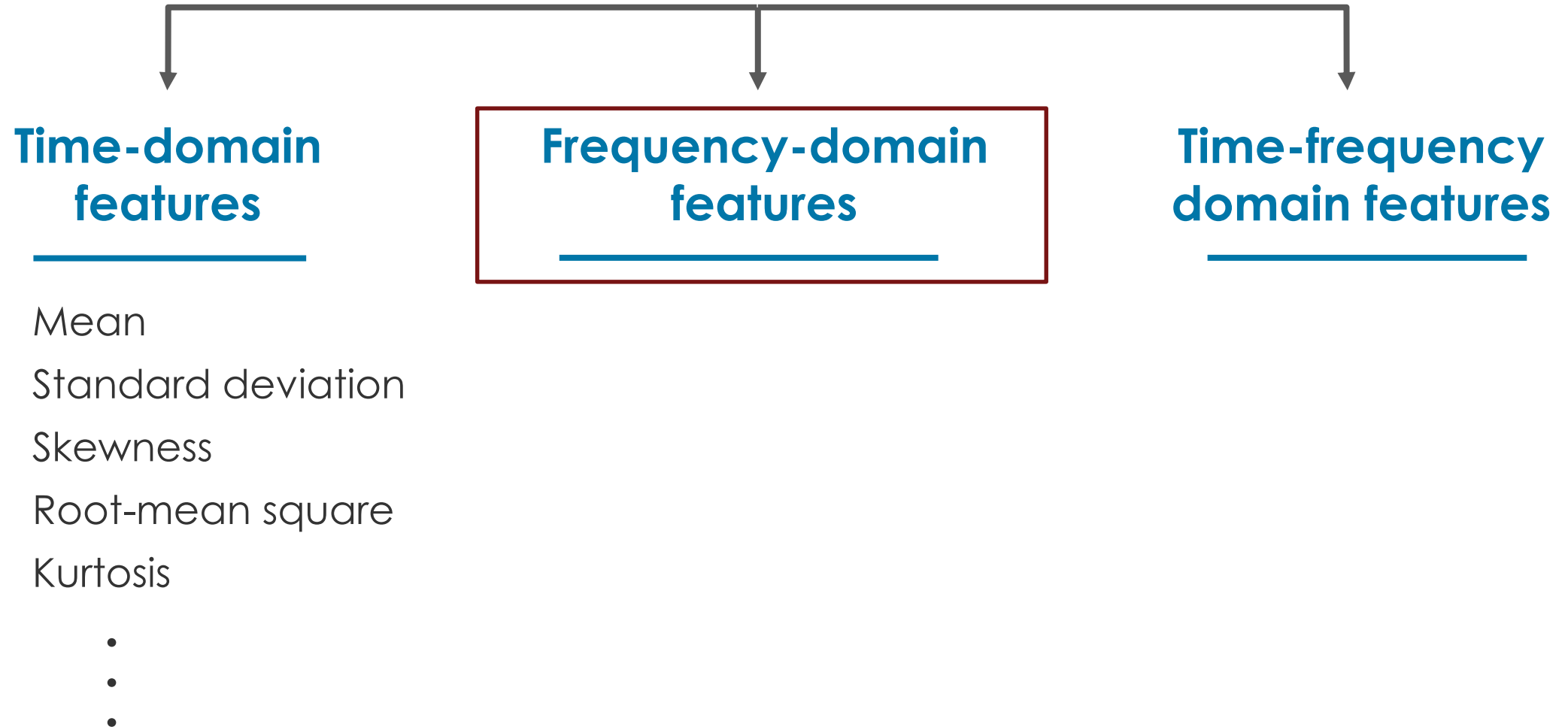


- Healthy
- Blocked Inlet
- Seal
- Leakage
- Worn Bearing
- Blocked Inlet & Worn Bearing
- Seal Leakage & Worn Bearing
- Seal Leakage & Blocked Inlet



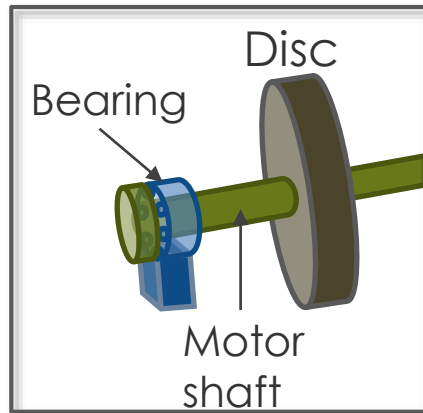
- Healthy
- Blocked Inlet
- Seal Leakage
- Worn Bearing
- Blocked Inlet, Worn Bearing
- Seal Leakage, Worn Bearing
- Seal Leakage, Blocked Inlet

# Signal-Based Condition Indicators



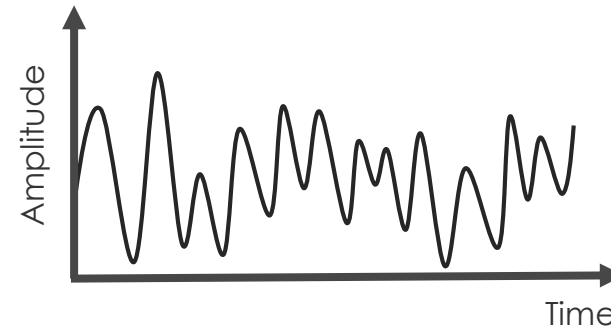
[Learn more about Condition Indicators](#)

Machine with rotating components

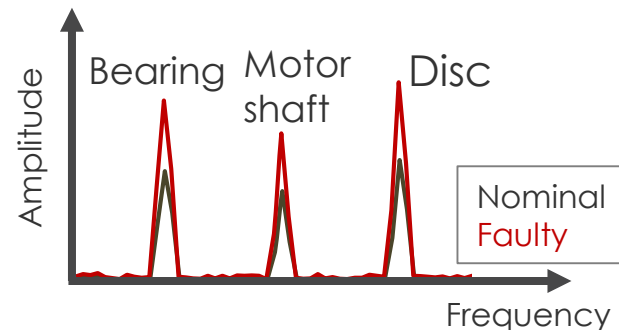


Three different vibration sources:

- Bearing
- Motor shaft
- Disc

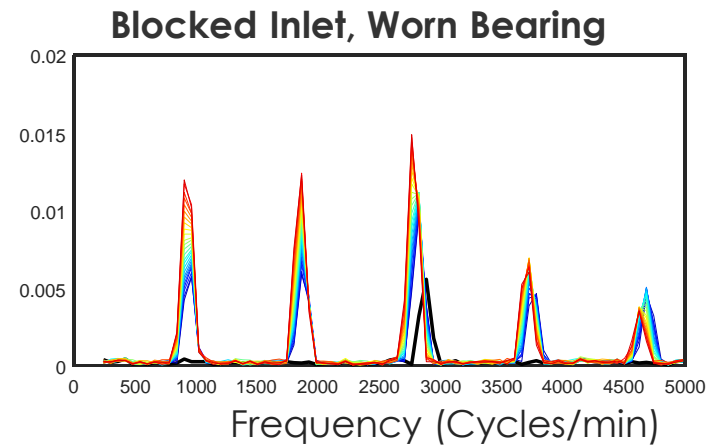
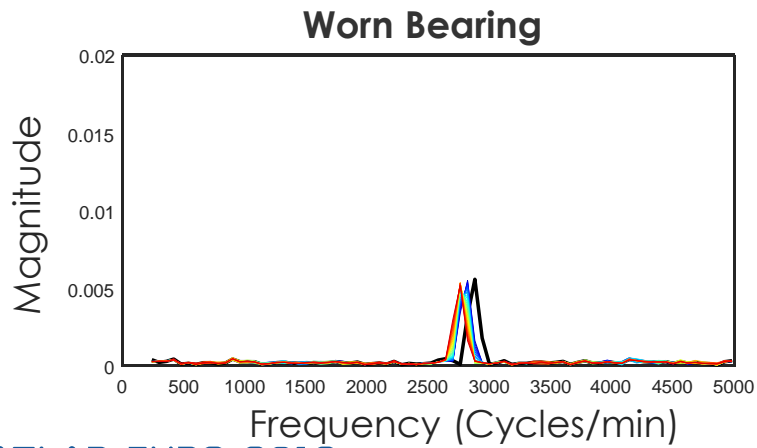
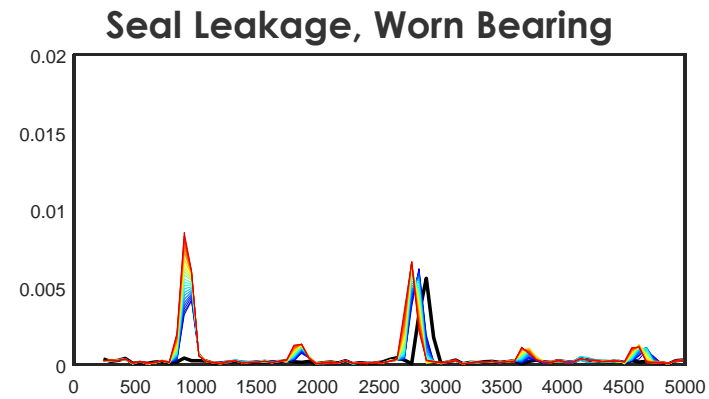
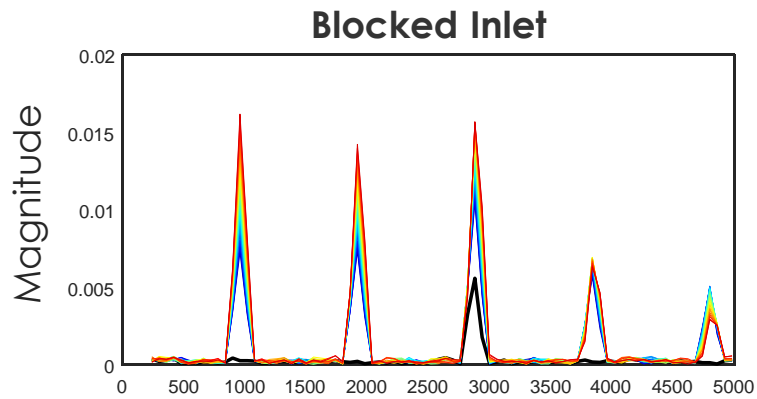
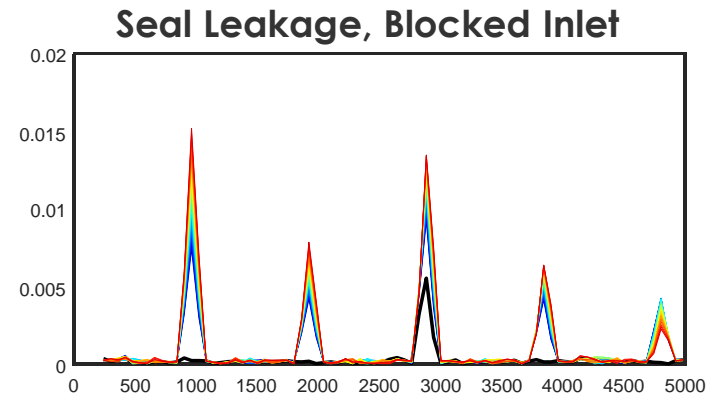
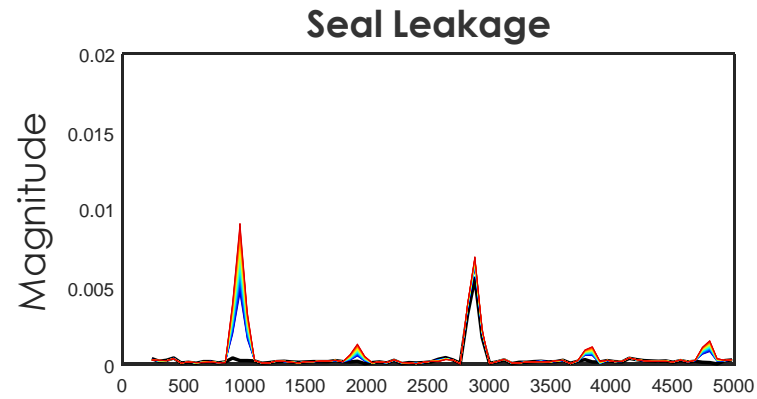


- In time-domain, we observe the combined effect of different sources of vibration.



- Using frequency-domain analysis, we can distinguish different sources of vibration.



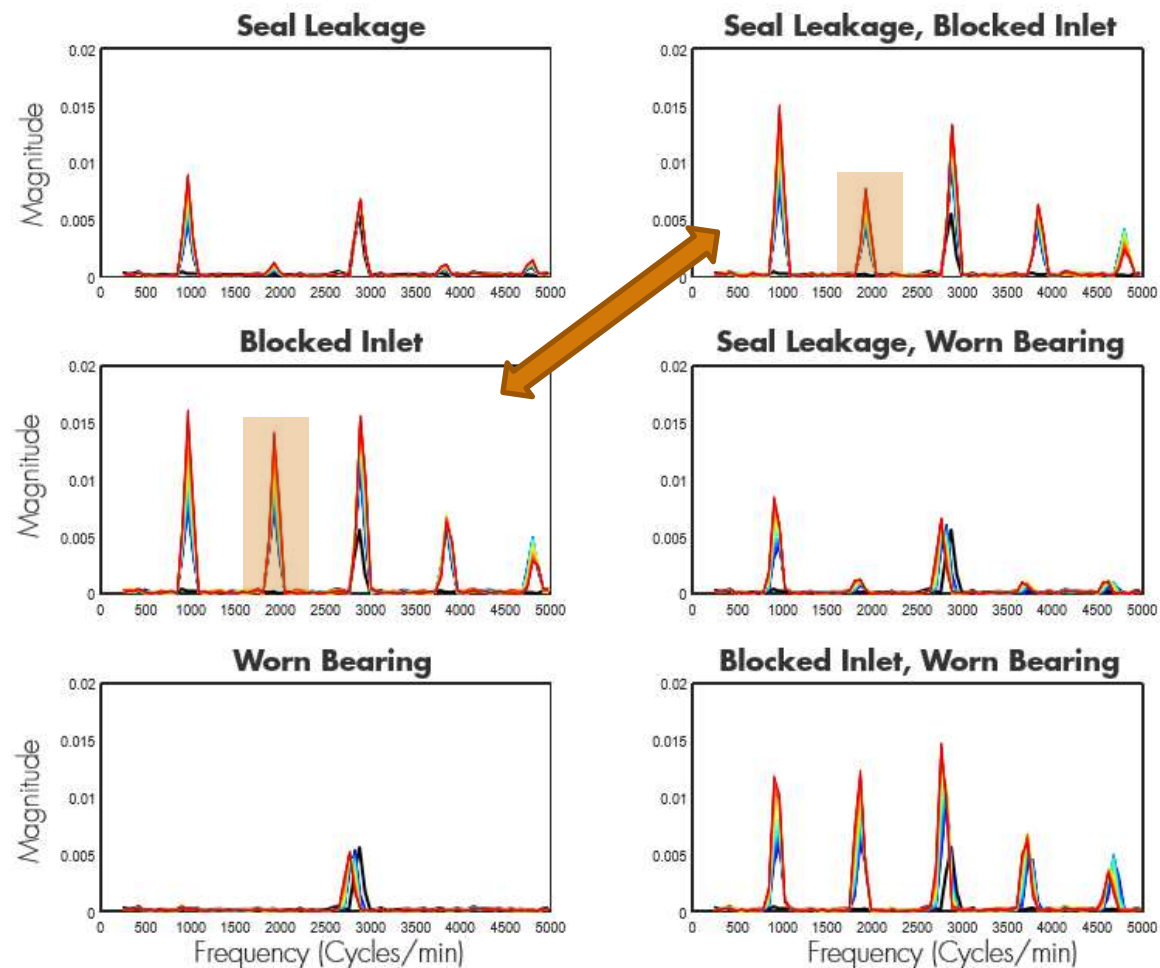
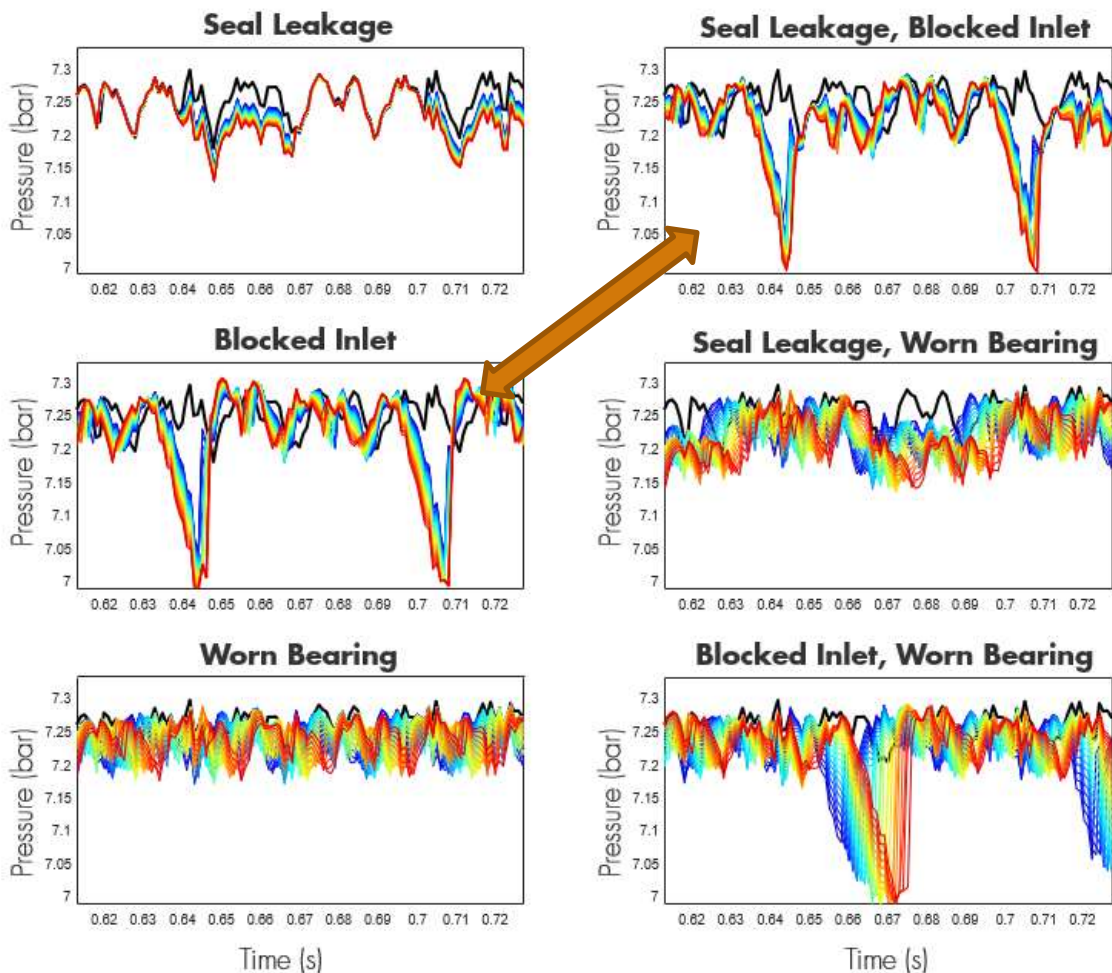


## Frequency-domain features:

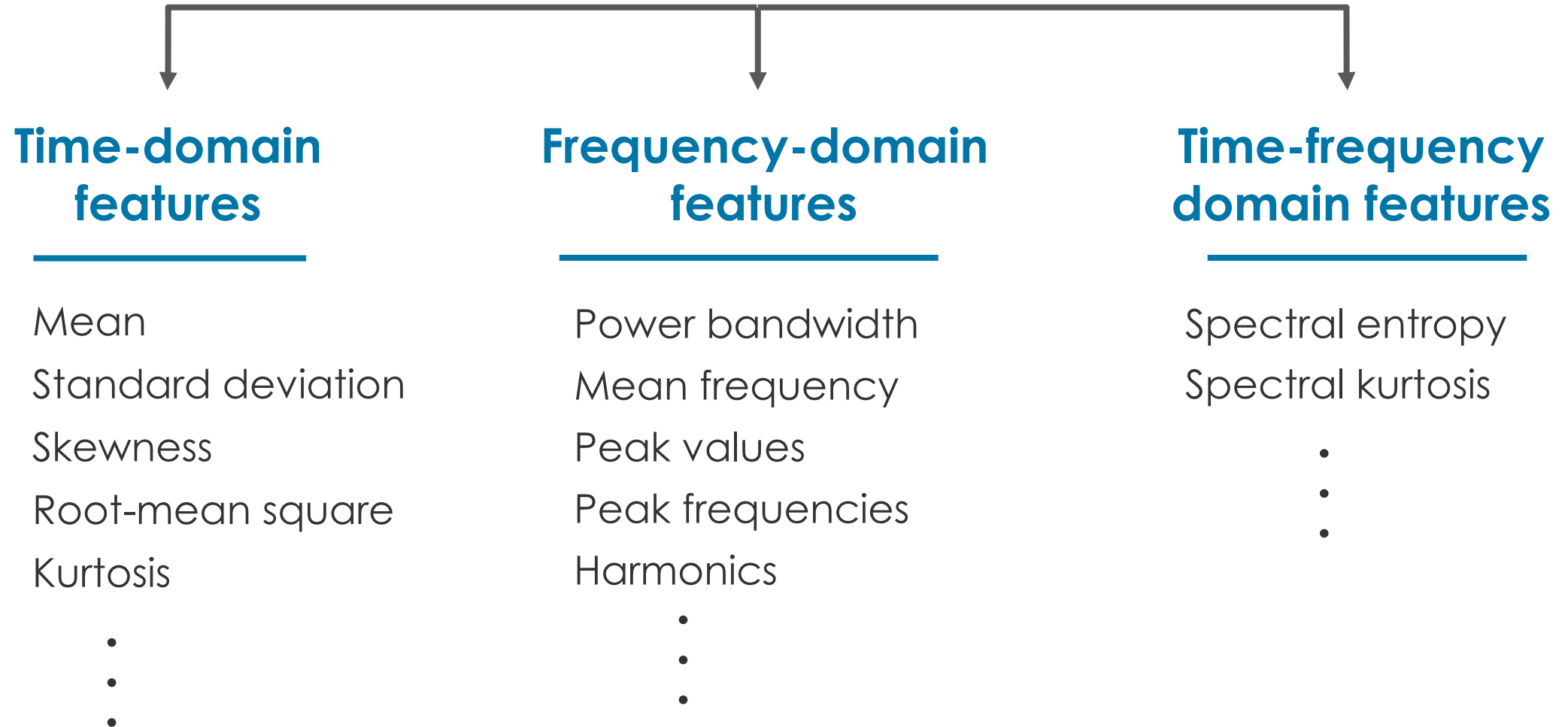
- Peaks
- Peak frequencies

# Time-domain

# Frequency-domain



# Signal-Based Condition Indicators

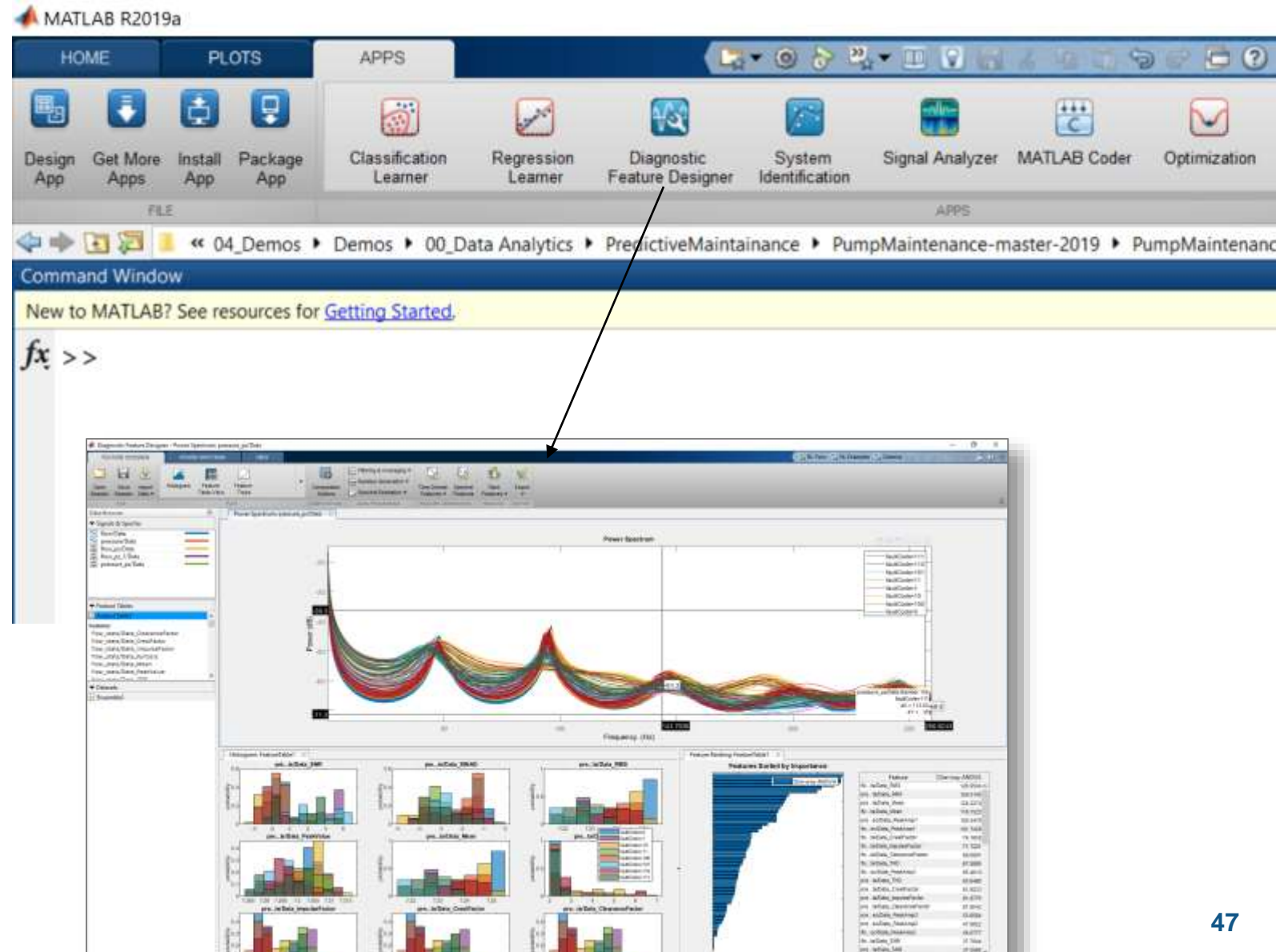


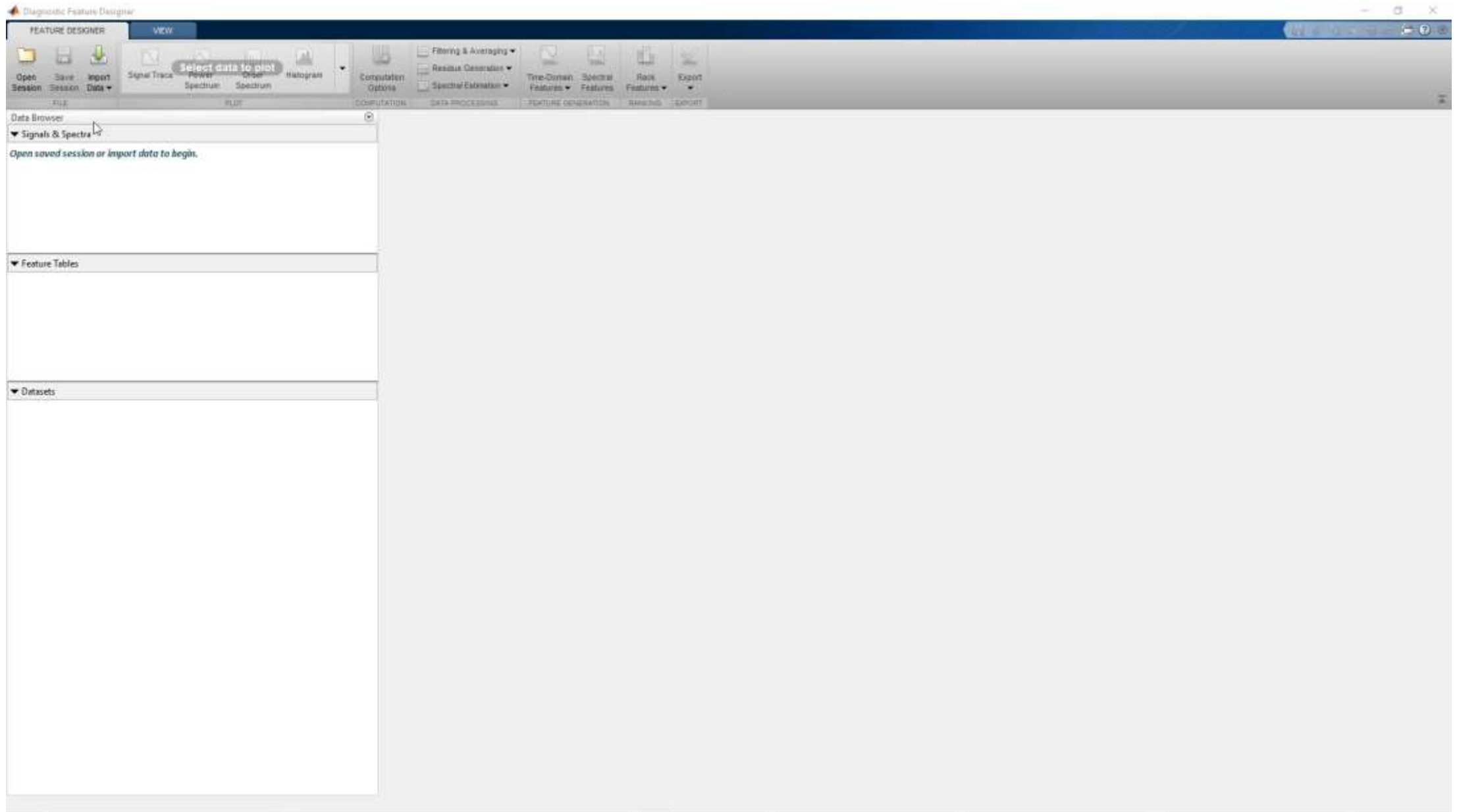
[Learn more about Condition Indicators](#)

# Diagnostic Feature Designer App

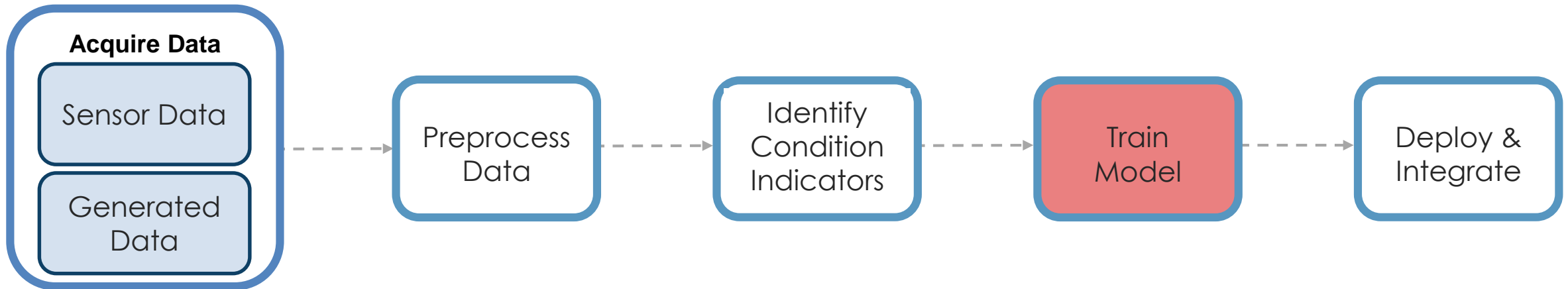
Predictive Maintenance Toolbox R2019a

- Extract, visualize, and rank features from sensor data
- Use both statistical and dynamic modeling methods
- Work with out-of-memory data
- Explore and discover techniques without writing MATLAB code





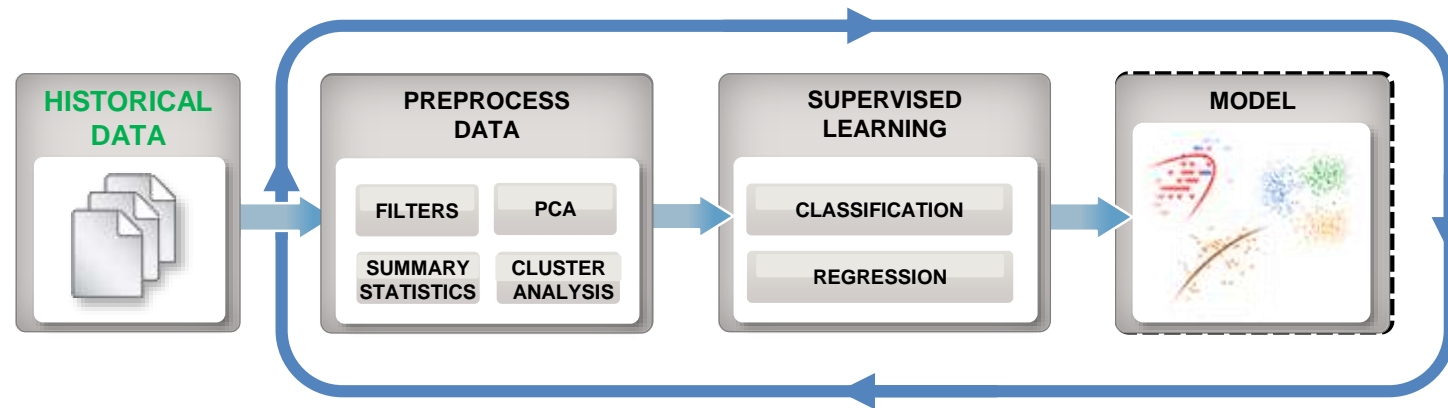
# Predictive Maintenance Algorithm



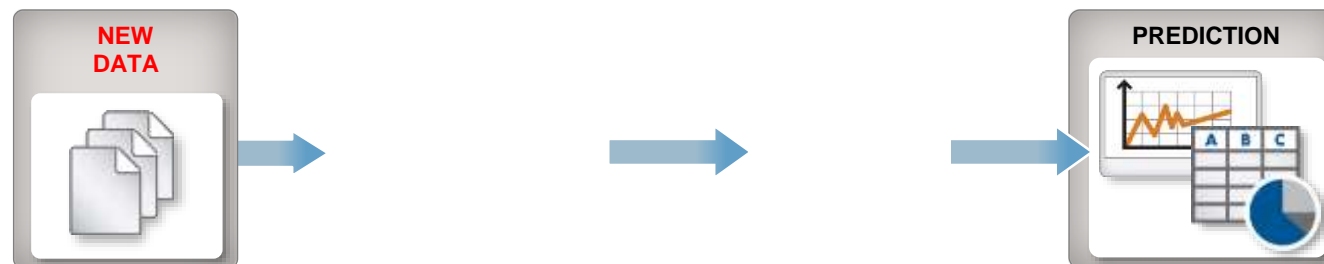
# Machine Learning Workflow

Machine learning uses data and produces a program to perform a task

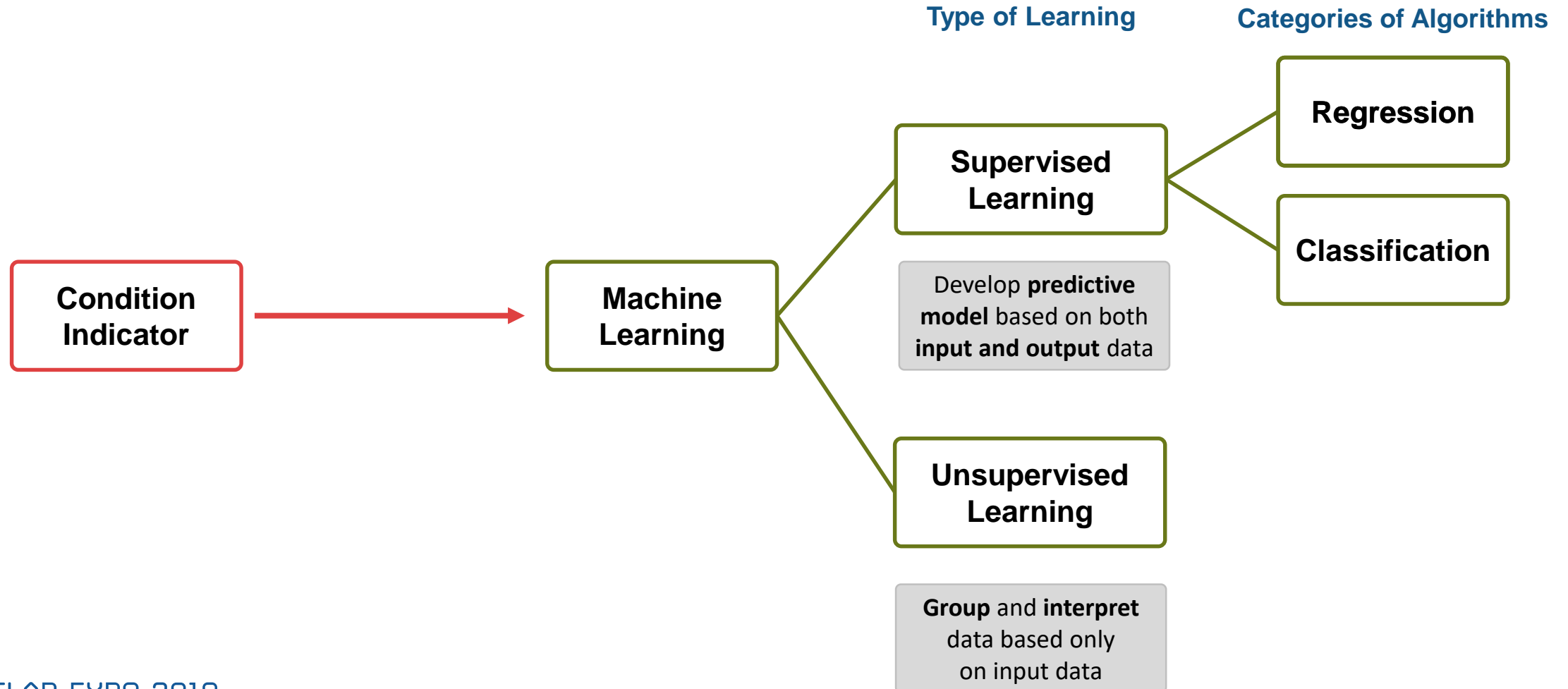
**Train:** Iterate till you find the best model using historical data



**Predict:** Integrate trained models into applications



# Machine Learning: Types





HOME PLOTS APPS

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FILE

C:\Users\ >

Command Window

New to MATLAB? See resources for *fx* >>

FAVORITES

- Classification Learner
- Regression Learner
- Curve Fitting
- Diagnostic Feature Explorer
- Optimization
- System Identification
- Signal Analyzer
- MATLAB Coder
- Application Compiler

MACHINE LEARNING AND DEEP LEARNING

- Classification Learner
- Deep Network Designer
- Neural Net Clustering
- Neural Net Fitting
- Neural Net Pattern Recog...
- Neural Net Time Series
- Regression Learner

MATH, STATISTICS AND OPTIMIZATION

- Curve Fitting
- Distribution Fitter
- Optimization
- PDE Modeler

CONTROL SYSTEM DESIGN AND ANALYSIS

- Control System Designer
- Control System Tuner
- Diagnostic Feature Designer
- Fuzzy Logic Designer
- Linear System Analyzer
- Model Reducer
- MPC Designer
- Neuro-Fuzzy Designer
- PID Tuner
- SLAM Map Builder
- System Identification

AUTOMOTIVE

- Driving Scenario Designer
- Ground Truth Labeler
- MBC Model Fitting
- MBC Optimization

SIGNAL PROCESSING AND COMMUNICATIONS

- Antenna Designer
- Audio Labeler
- Bit Error Rate Analysis
- Eye Diagram Scope
- Filter Builder
- Filter Designer
- Impulse Response Me...
- LTE Throughput Analyzer
- LTE Waveform Generator
- Radar Equation Calculator
- Radar Waveform Analyzer
- RF Budget Analyzer

FEATURE DESIGNER | FEATURE RANKING | VIEW

Ranking Techniques: faultCode | Sort By: One-way ANOVA | Delete Scores | Export

ANALYZE | CONDITION | SORT | SCORE | EXPORT

Data Browser

▼ Signals & Spectra

- flow/Data
- pressure/Data
- flow\_ps/Data
- flow\_ps\_1/Data
- pressure\_ps/Data

▼ Feature Tables

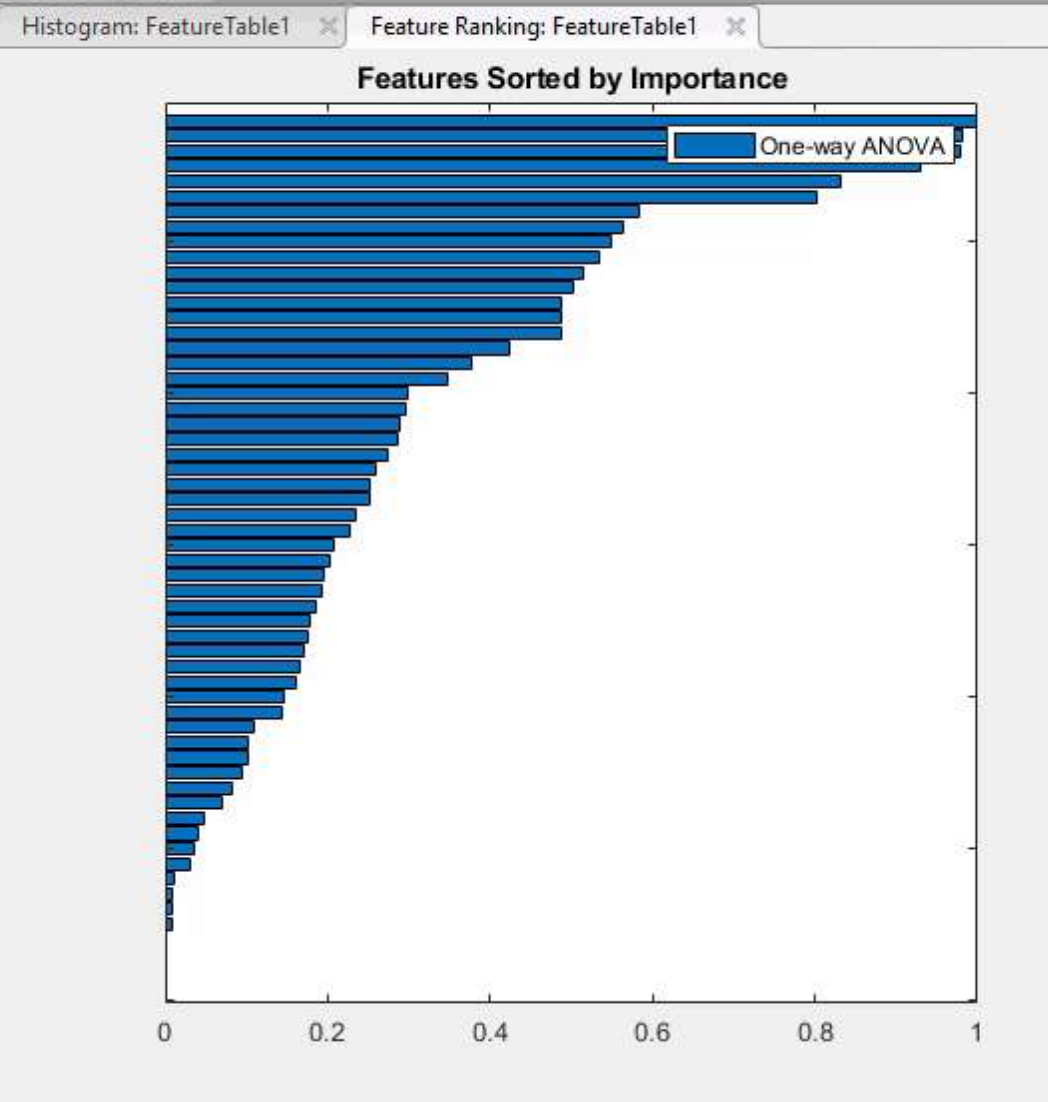
- FeatureTable1

Features:

- flow\_stats/Data\_ClearanceFactor
- flow\_stats/Data\_CrestFactor
- flow\_stats/Data\_ImpulseFactor
- flow\_stats/Data\_Kurtosis
- flow\_stats/Data\_Mean
- flow\_stats/Data\_PeakValue
- flow\_stats/Data\_RMS

▼ Datasets

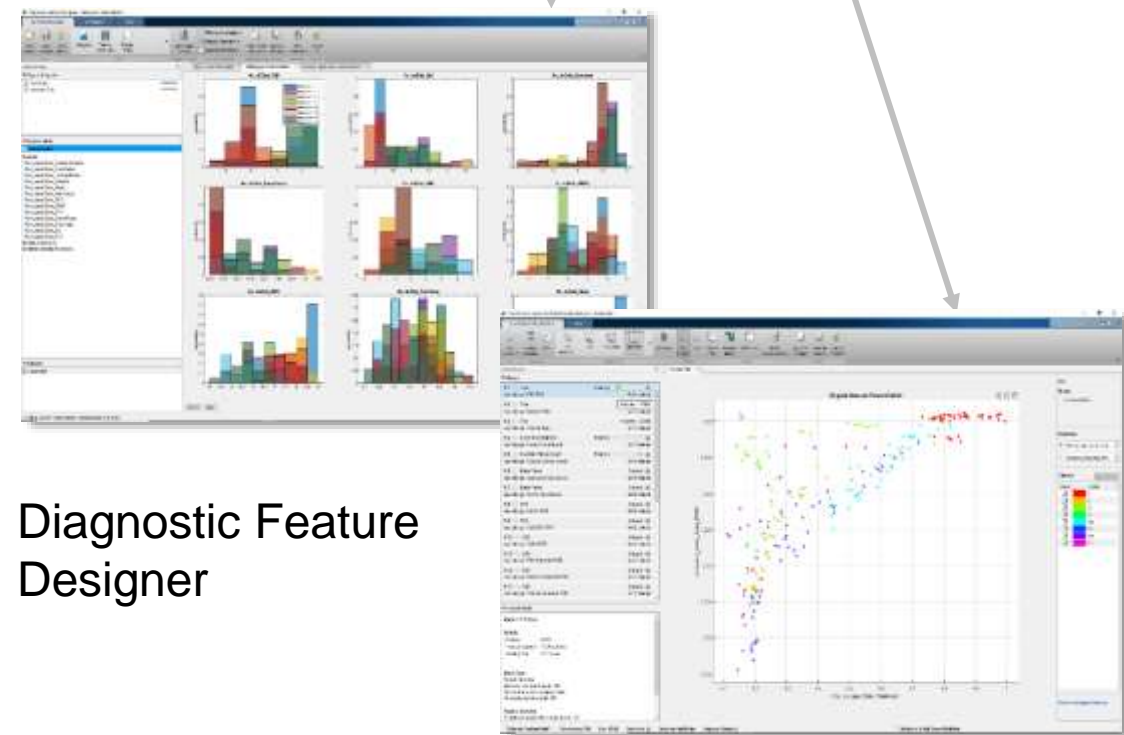
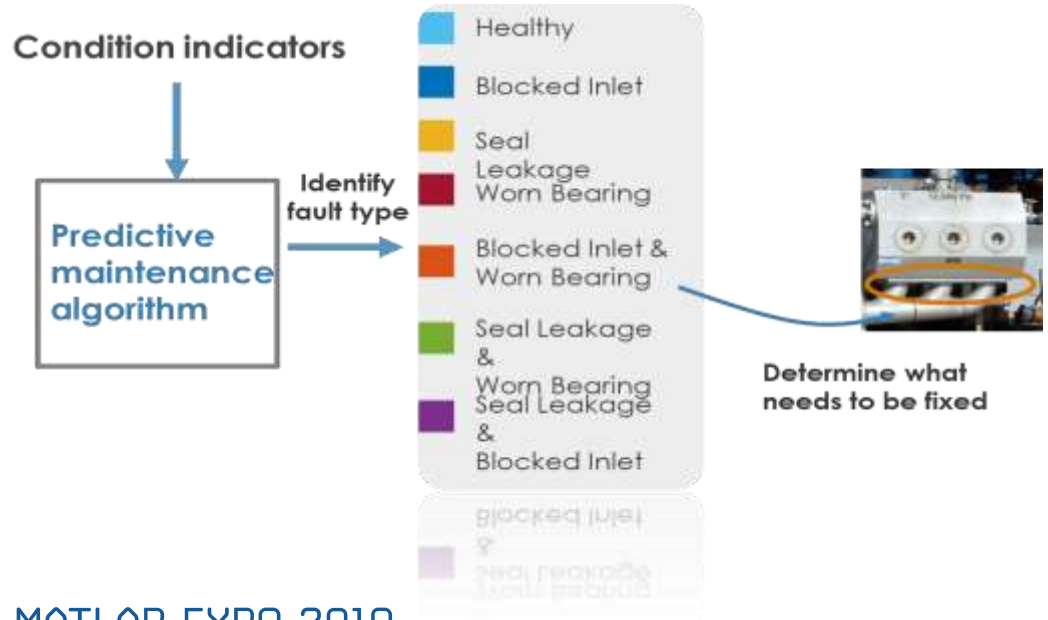
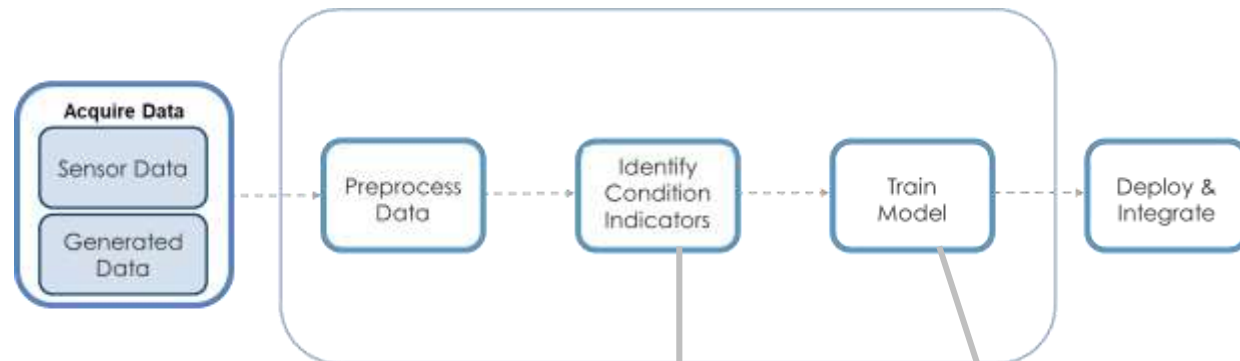
- Ensemble1



Feature	One-way ANOVA
flo...ts/Data_RMS	126.9504
pre...ts/Data_RMS	124.5145
pre...ts/Data_Mean	124.2274
flo...ts/Data_Mean	118.1523
pre...ec/Data_PeakAmp1	105.5479
flo...ec/Data_PeakAmp1	101.7428
flo...ts/Data_CrestFactor	74.1650
flo...ts/Data_ImpulseFactor	71.7221
flo...ts/Data_ClearanceFactor	69.6891
flo...ts/Data_THD	67.8899
flo...ec/Data_PeakAmp3	65.4610
pre...ts/Data_THD	63.6488
pre...ts/Data_CrestFactor	61.9233
pre...ts/Data_ImpulseFactor	61.8776
pre...ts/Data_ClearanceFactor	61.8542
pre...ec/Data_PeakAmp3	53.6584
pre...ec/Data_PeakAmp2	47.9822
flo...ec/Data_PeakAmp2	44.0777
flo...ts/Data_SNR	37.7644
pre...ts/Data_SNR	37.5568
flo...ec/Data_Wn1	36.7957
pre...ec/Data_Wn1	36.2216
pre...ec/Data_Zeta1	34.7913
flo...ec/Data_PeakAmp4	32.9371

# Summary: Develop Predictive Maintenance Algorithm:

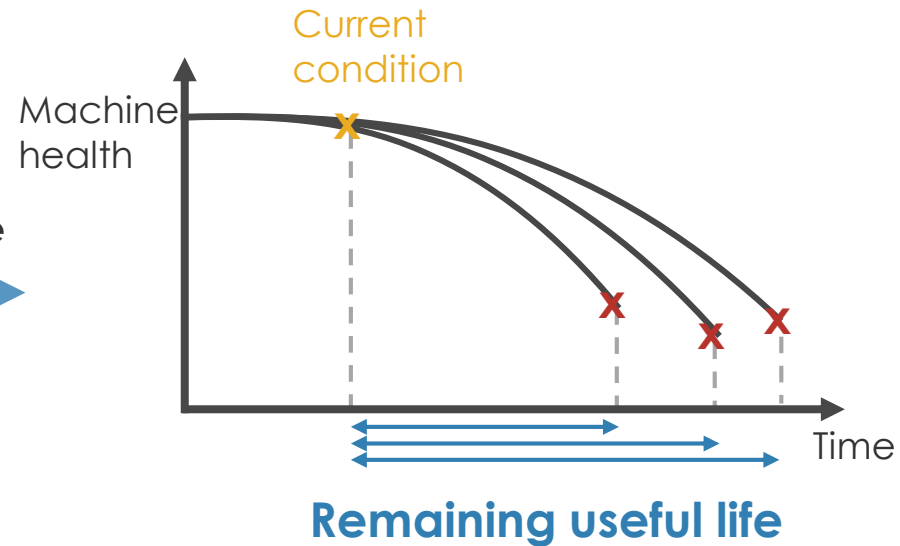
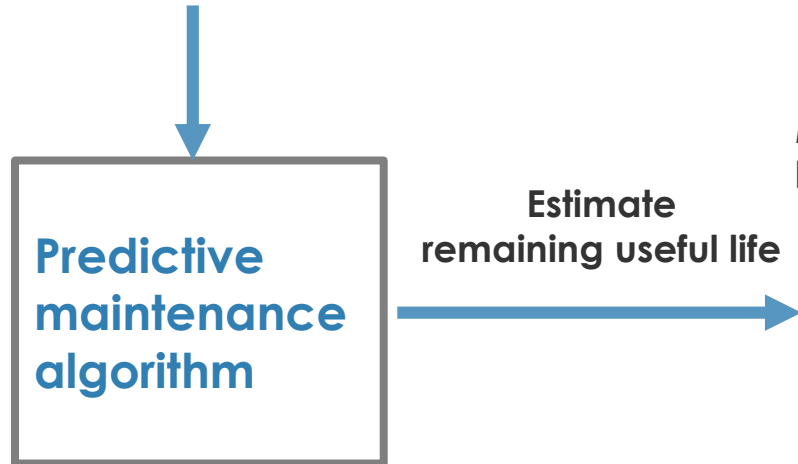
## Use case 1: Fault Classification

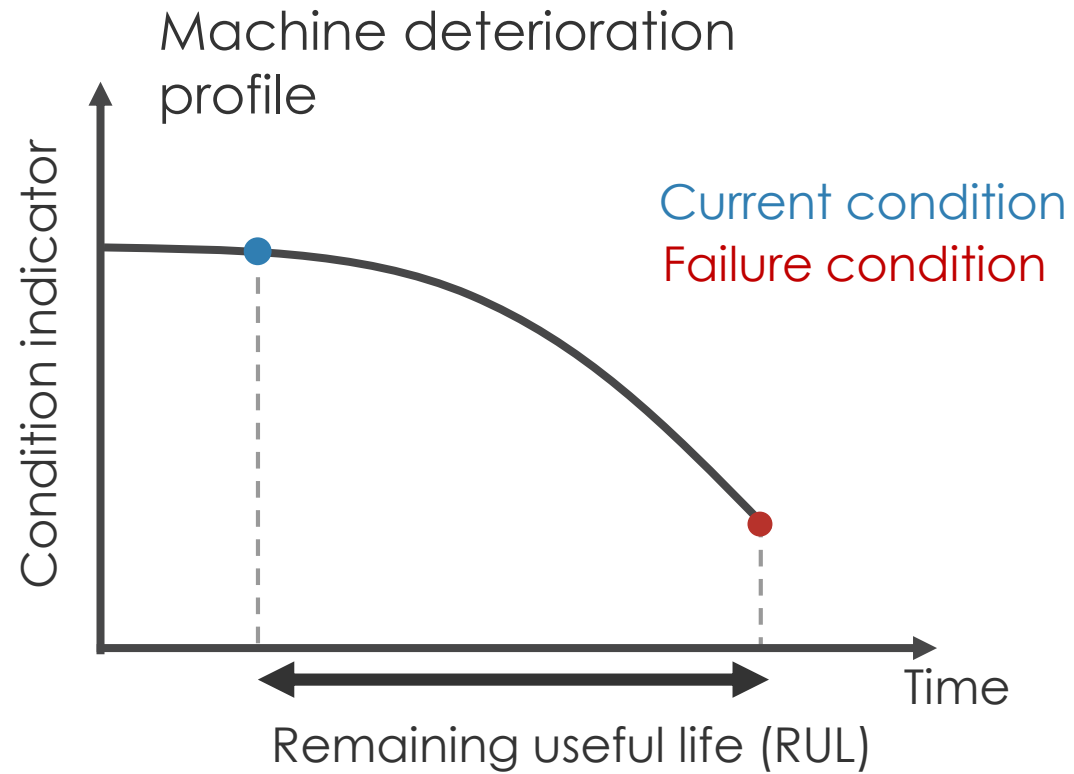


# Develop Predictive Maintenance Algorithm: Use case 2

**How much longer can I operate my machine ?**      **Remaining Useful Life Estimation**

Condition indicators





[ Number of days ]

[ Miles ]

[ Cycles ]

⋮

## What is RUL?

# RUL Estimator Models

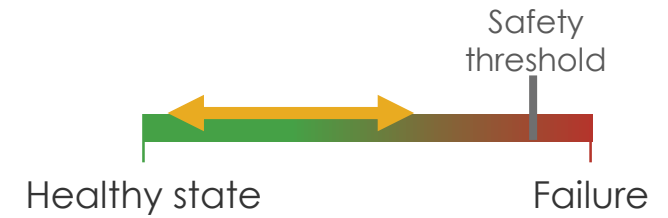
## Similarity model



## Survival model

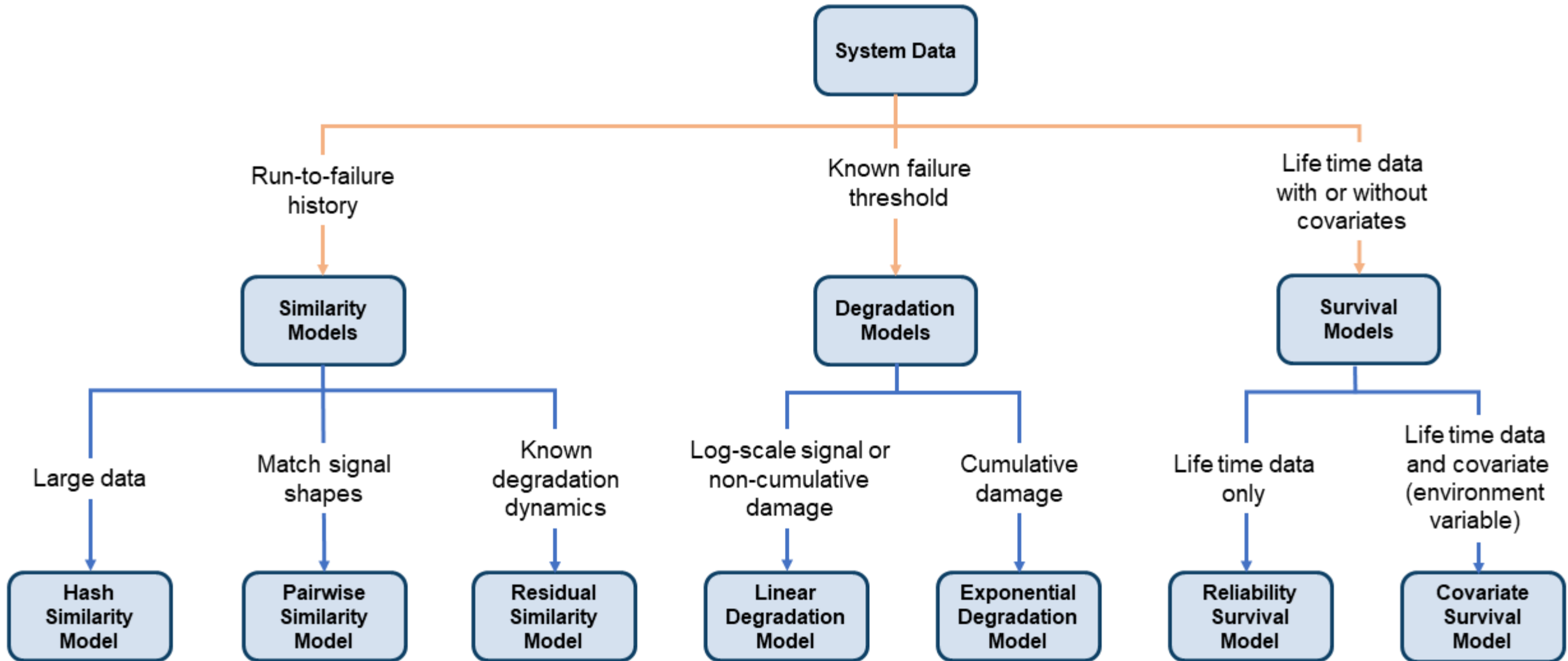


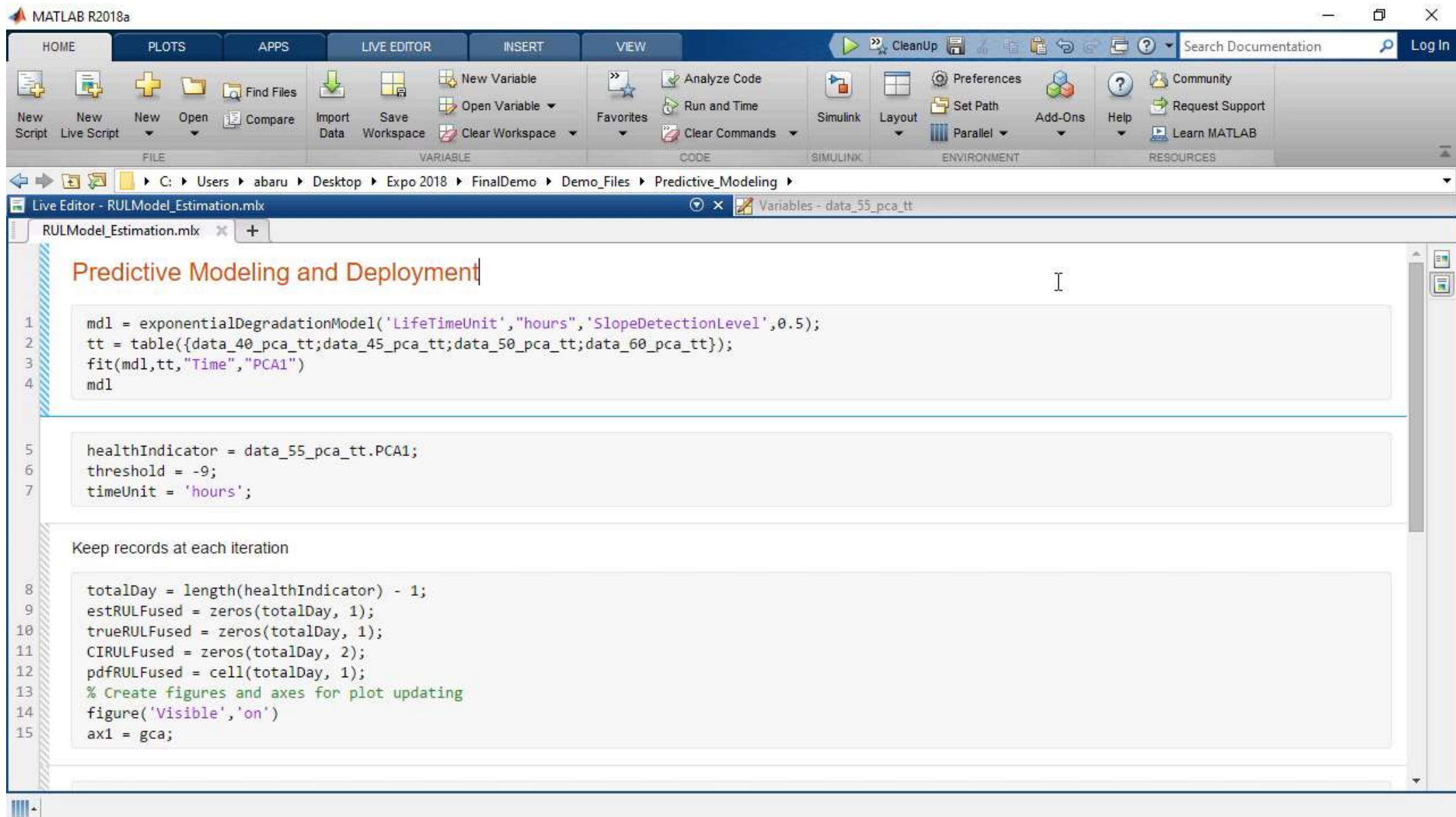
## Degradation model



# RUL Methods and when to use them

*Requirement: Need to know what constitutes failure data*





The image shows the MATLAB R2018a Live Editor interface. The title bar indicates the file is 'RULModel\_Estimation.mlx' located at 'C:\Users\abaru\Desktop\Expo 2018\FinalDemo\Demo\_Files\Predictive\_Modeling'. The editor contains the following code:

```
1 mdl = exponentialDegradationModel('LifeTimeUnit','hours','SlopeDetectionLevel',0.5);
2 tt = table({data_40_pca_tt;data_45_pca_tt;data_50_pca_tt;data_60_pca_tt});
3 fit(mdl,tt,"Time","PCA1")
4 mdl

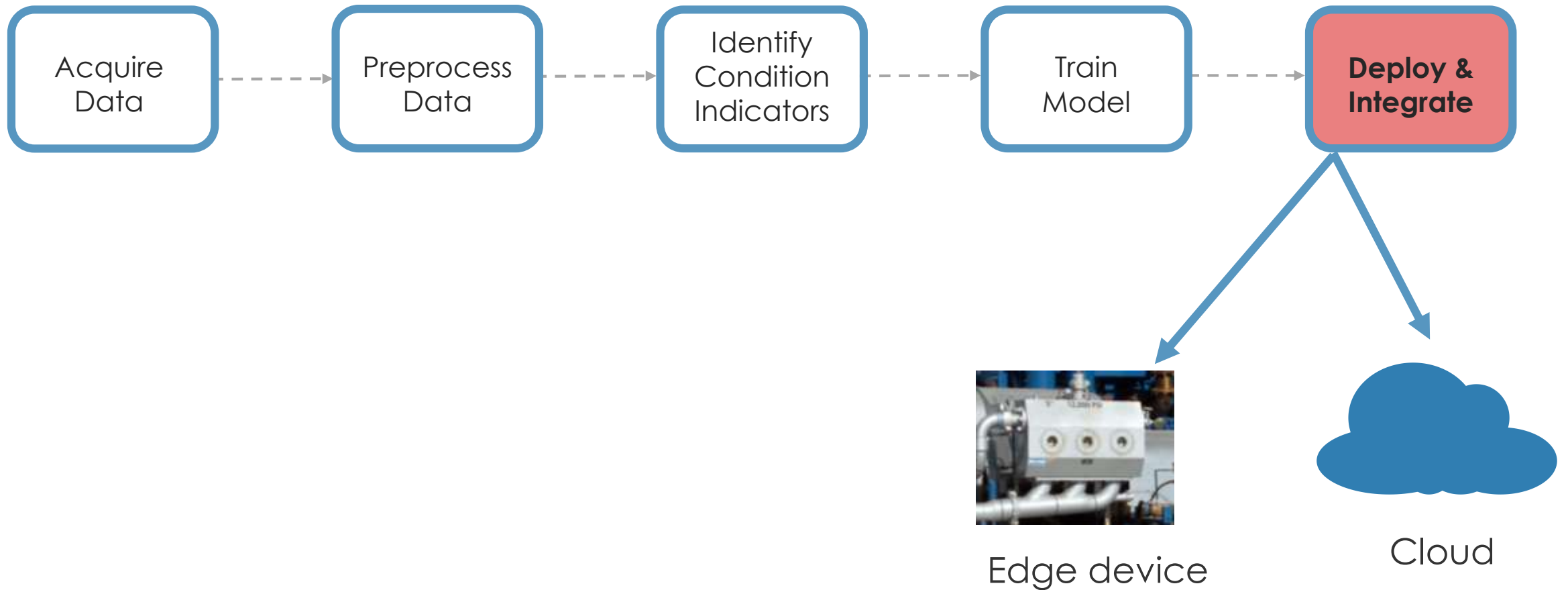
5 healthIndicator = data_55_pca_tt.PCA1;
6 threshold = -9;
7 timeUnit = 'hours';

Keep records at each iteration

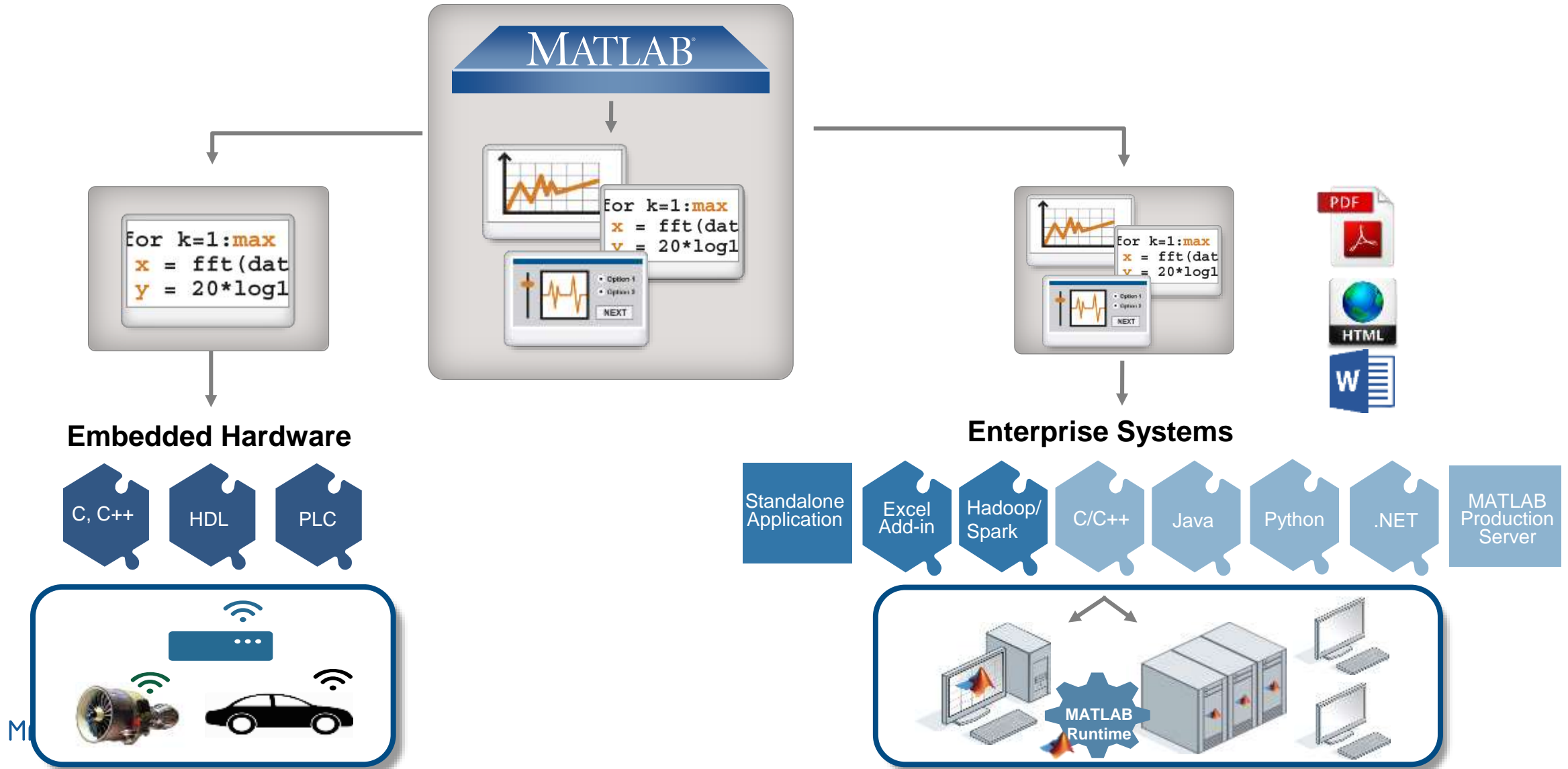
8 totalDay = length(healthIndicator) - 1;
9 estRULFused = zeros(totalDay, 1);
10 trueRULFused = zeros(totalDay, 1);
11 CIRULFused = zeros(totalDay, 2);
12 pdfRULFused = cell(totalDay, 1);
13 % Create figures and axes for plot updating
14 figure('Visible','on')
15 ax1 = gca;
```



# Predictive Maintenance Algorithm

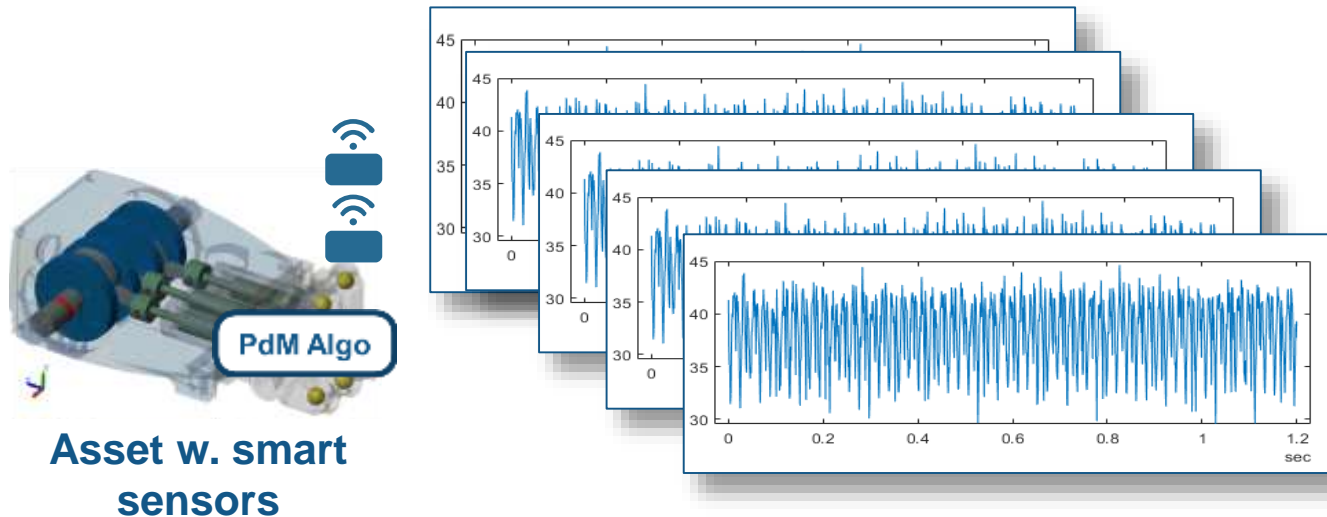


# Deploy & Integrate analytics using MATLAB:



# Feature Extraction Algorithm at the Edge

Pump flow sensor 1 sec ~ 1000 samples ~16kB



- 1 day ~ 1.3 GB
- 20 sensors/pump ~26 GB/day
- 3 pumps ~ 78 GB/day

## Challenge:

Data transmission cost is pretty high

## Solution:

Extract only relevant information and send it to predictive model

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FILE NAVIGATE EDIT BREAKPOINTS RUN

C:\Users\abaru\Desktop\Expo 2018\FinalDemo\Demo\_Files\Data\_Reduction

Current Folder Editor - C:\Users\abaru\Desktop\Expo 2018\FinalDemo\Demo\_Files\Data\_Reduction\featureExtractionBuffer.m

Name

Folder

- codegen
- Copy\_of\_Data
- Data

Function

- featureExtraction.m
- featureExtractionBuffer.m
- helperSortedBarPlot.m
- monotonicity.m

MEX-file

- featureExtraction\_mex.mexw64
- featureExtractionBuffer\_mex.mexw64

Live Script

- Expo\_Data\_Preprocessing\_CodeGe...

MATLAB Code Project

- featureExtraction.prj
- featureExtractionBuffer.prj

featureExtractionBuffer.m (Function)

```
1 function [feature_list] = featureExtractionBuffer(data,timestamp)
2
3 persistent flow_array
4 persistent time_array
5 Np = 1000;
6
7 if isempty(flow_array)
8     flow_array = nan(Np,1);
9 end
10
11 if isempty(time_array)
12     time_array = nan(Np,1);
13 end
14
15 flow_array = [data; flow_array(1:Np-1)];
16 data = flow_array;
17
18 time_array = [timestamp; time_array(1:Np-1)];
19 timestamp = time_array;
20
21
22 if isempty(find(isnan(data),1))
23
24     flow = data;
25
26     % Ensure the flow is sampled at a uniform sample rate
27     t_flow = timestamp;
```

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Breakpoints

Run Run and Advance Run Section Advance Run and Time

FILE NAVIGATE EDIT BREAKPOINTS RUN

C:\Users\abaru\Desktop\Expo 2018\FinalDemo\Demo\_Files\Data\_Reduction

Current Folder Editor - C:\Users\abaru\Desktop\Expo 2018\FinalDemo\Demo\_Files\Data\_Reduction\featureExtractionBuffer.m

Name

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- codegen
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MEX-file

- featureExtraction\_mex.mexw64
- featureExtractionBuffer\_mex.mexw64

Live Script

- Expo\_Data\_Preprocessing\_CodeGe...

MATLAB Code Project

- featureExtraction.prj
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24     flow = data;
25
26     % Ensure the flow is sampled at a uniform sample rate
27     t_flow = timestamp;
```

# Code Deployment for Machine Learning

*Deploy trained models as standalone C/C++ code*

**R2016b**

- SVM Classification
- Linear Classification

**R2017a**

- Linear Regression
- Generalized Linear Repr.
- Decision trees
- Ensembles for Class.

**R2017b**

- Ensembles for Repr.
- SVM Regression
- KNN Classification
- Gaussian Process Repr.
- Discriminant Analysis

**R2018a**

- Non-tree Ensembles
- KNN with kd-tree

## MATLAB code

```
function label = classifyIonosphere(X) %#codegen
%classifyIonosphere Classify Ionosphere based on pre-trained SVM model
mdl = loadCompactModel( 'SVMIonosphere' );
label = predict( mdl, X );
end
```

saveCompactModel loadCompactModel

## C code

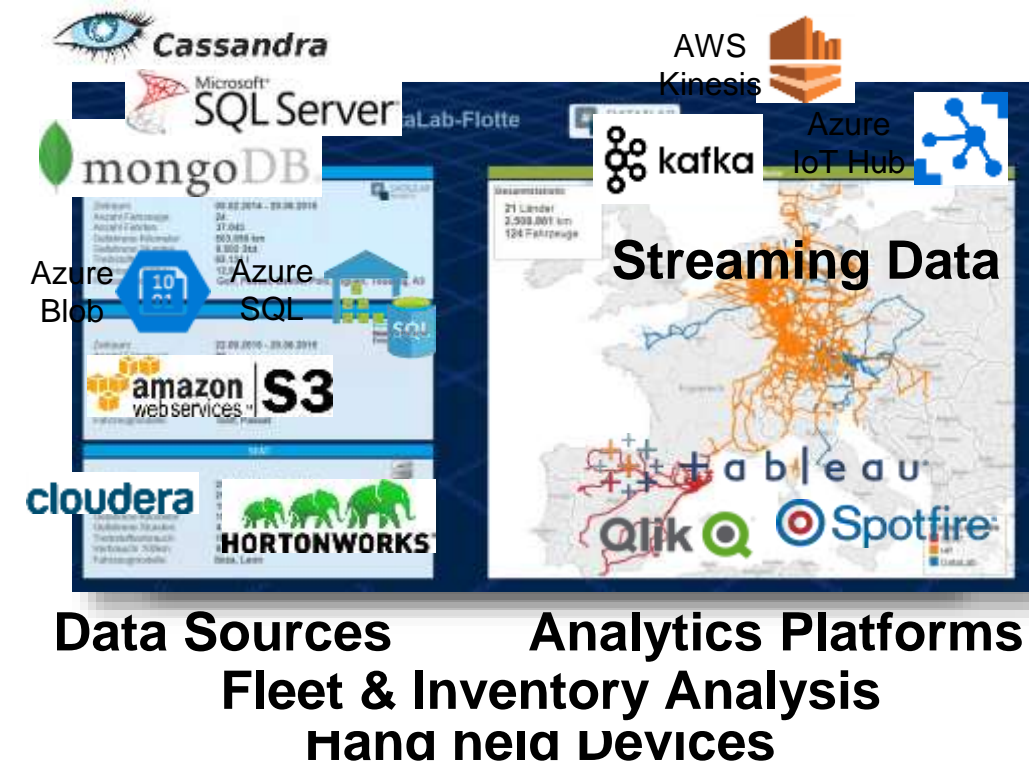
```
14 /* variable definitions */
15 static emlrtRSInfo emlrtRSI = { 4, /* lineNo */
16     "classifyIonosphere", /* fonName */
17     "C:\\Users\\jcherrie\\Sandbox\\temp\\feature-
18 };
19
20 /* Function Definitions */
21 void classifyIonosphere(classifyIonosphereStack
22     const real_T X[11934], cell_wrap_0 label[351]
23 {
24     real_T t0_Alpha[90];
25     real_T expl_temp[34];
```



# What do your end users want?

## Flexible Deployment

- Maintenance needs simple, quick information
  - Hand held devices, Alarms
  
- Operations needs a birds-eye view
  - Integration with IT & OT systems
  
- Customers expect easy to digest information
  - Automated reports



## Agenda:

1. What is Predictive Maintenance? Who is benefiting by doing it?
2. How can you develop a predictive maintenance algorithm using MATLAB?
3. How can you get started quickly?



# MathWorks can help you get started TODAY

- [Examples](#)
- [Documentation](#)
- Tutorials & Workshops
- [Consulting](#)
- [Tech Talk Series](#)

The screenshot displays the documentation for the Predictive Maintenance Toolbox, organized into sections and a grid of diagnostic methods.

**Documentation** | All | More | Search Help

**Predictive Maintenance Toolbox**  
Design and test condition monitoring and predictive maintenance algorithms.

Predictive Maintenance Toolbox™ lets you label data and estimate the remaining useful life (RUL) of a machine. The toolbox provides functions and an interactive app for ranking features using data-based and model-based methods, such as spectral, and time-series analysis. You can monitor faults such as bearings and gearboxes by extracting features using frequency and time-frequency methods. To estimate RUL, you can use survival, similarity, and trend-based models.

You can analyze and label sensor data imported from distributed file systems. You can also label simulated Simulink® models. The toolbox includes reference examples for bearings, and other machines that can be reused for maintenance and condition monitoring algorithms.

**Getting Started**  
Learn the basics of Predictive Maintenance Toolbox.

**Manage System Data**  
Import measured data, generate simulated data, organize data.

**Preprocess Data**  
Clean and transform data to prepare it for extracting features.

**Identify Condition Indicators**  
Explore data at the command line or in the app to identify features.

**Detect and Predict Faults**  
Train decision models for condition monitoring and fault prediction.

**Deploy Predictive Maintenance Algorithms**  
Implement and deploy condition-monitoring and predictive maintenance algorithms.

---

**Documentation** | All | More | Search Help

**CONTENTS**

**Detect and Diagnose Faults**

- Fault Diagnosis of Centrifugal Pumps Using Steady State Experiments**  
Use a model-based approach for detection and diagnosis of different types of faults in a pumping system.  
[Open Live Script](#)
- Fault Diagnosis of Centrifugal Pumps Using Residual Analysis**  
Use a model parity-equations-based approach for detection and diagnosis of faults in a pumping system.  
[Open Live Script](#)
- Multi-Class Fault Detection Using Simulated Data**  
Use a Simulink model to generate faulty and healthy data, and use the data to develop a multi-class classifier to detect different faults.  
[Open Live Script](#)
- Analyze and Select Features for Pump Diagnostics**  
Use the Diagnostic Feature Designer app to analyze and select features to diagnose faults in a triplex reciprocating pump.  
[Open Live Script](#)
- Fault Detection Using an Extended Kalman Filter**  
Use an extended Kalman filter for online estimation of the friction of a simple DC motor. Significant changes in the estimated friction are detected.  
[Open Script](#)
- Fault Detection Using Data Based Models**  
Use a data-based modeling approach for fault detection.  
[Open Script](#)

# Training Services

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Flexible delivery options:

- Public training available in several cities
- Onsite training with standard or customized courses
- Web-based training with live, interactive instructor-led courses

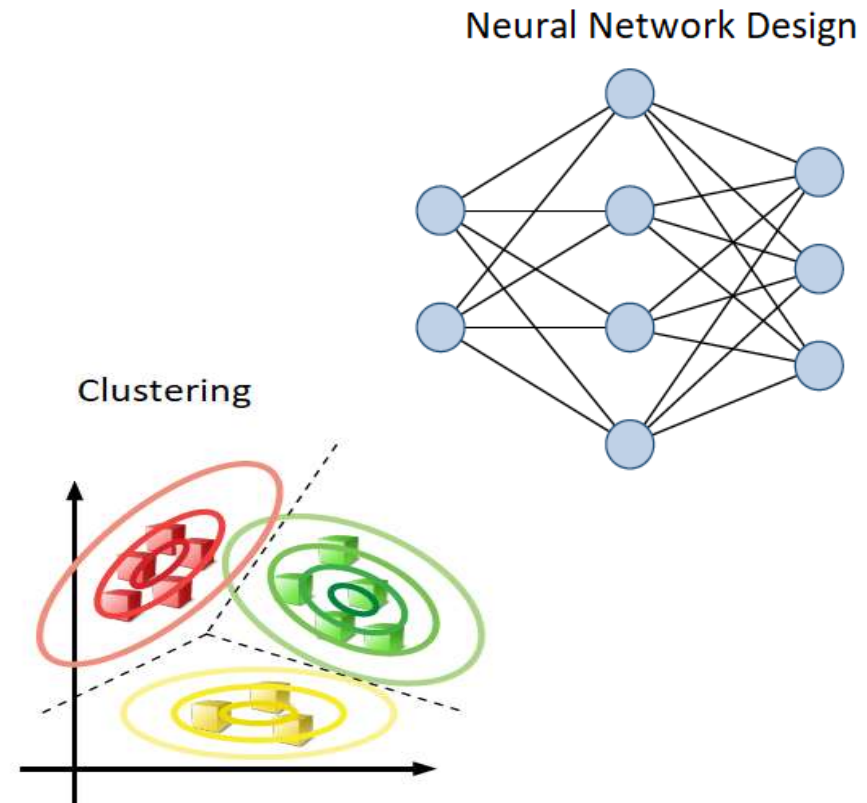
More than 48 course offerings:

- Introductory and intermediate training on MATLAB, Simulink, Stateflow, code generation, and Polyspace products
- Specialized courses in control design, signal processing, parallel computing, code generation, communications, financial analysis, and other areas



# Machine Learning with MATLAB

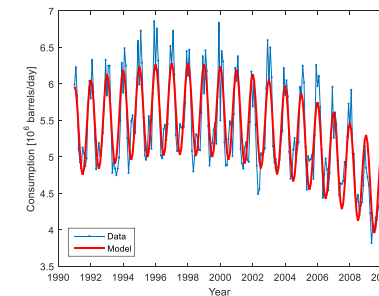
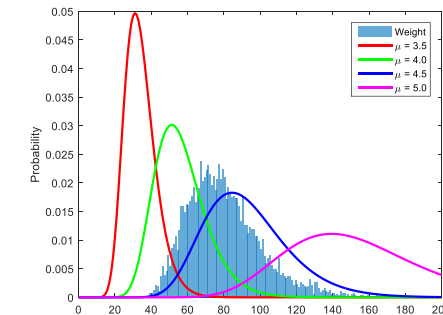
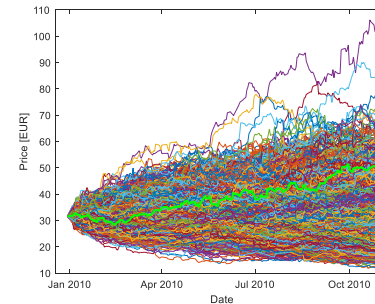
- This two-day course focuses on data analytics and machine learning techniques in MATLAB. The course demonstrates the use of unsupervised learning to discover features in large data sets and supervised learning to build predictive models. Topics include:
  - Organizing and preprocessing data
  - Clustering data
  - Creating classification and regression models
  - Interpreting and evaluating models
  - Simplifying data sets
  - Using ensembles to improve model performance



## Statistical Methods in MATLAB

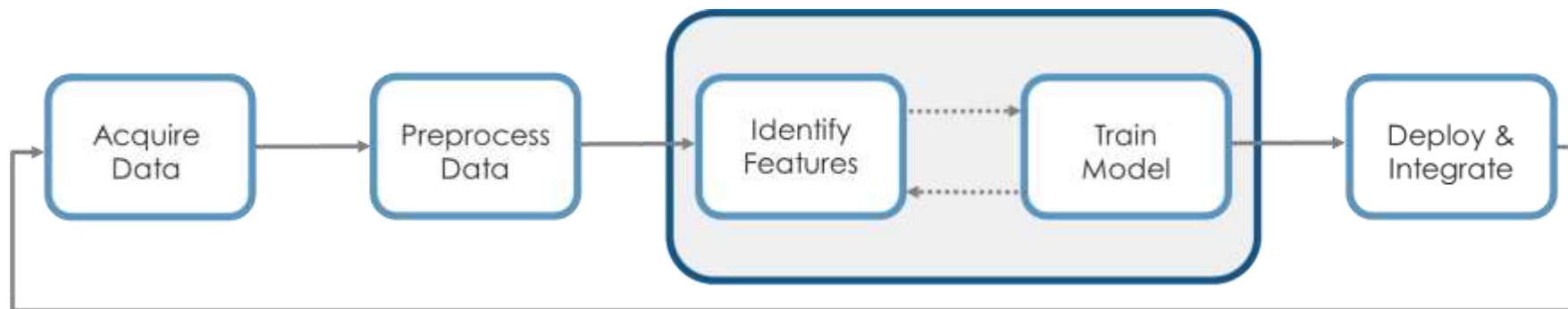
After this 2-day course you will be able to:  
 Import, visualize, explore, and model data

- Fit probability distributions to data, and perform hypothesis tests
- Develop and fit regression models to data
- Generate random numbers and perform simulations



## Summary: Why MATLAB for Predictive Maintenance?

- Dedicated toolbox for data preprocessing and feature extraction and developing predictive models
- Apps to make the task simple
- Support for taking these algorithm to edge and enterprise
- Get started quickly...examples, training and consulting



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- Enter the registration id number displayed on your badge
- Provide feedback for this session

# MATLAB EXPO 2019

## Speaker Details:

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LinkedIn: <https://www.linkedin.com/in/amit-doshi/>

